which to measure its decisions ... The defendant, in the person of Howard St. John, was the sole arbiter of the structure of the various transactions," always structured "to the detriment of the Plaintiff." T. 525-528. "... plaintiff's sole function was to perform all the subdivision acts, then be ushered off the stage with nothing."

"... The plaintiff and defendant entered into an effective fiduciary relationship, herein the plaintiff turned property over to the defendant and the defendant is properly charged with accounting for its dealings therewith."

Relevant trial transcript reports:

Regarding the original copy of the March 1, 1985 Agreement, signed by the Respondent bank and the Petitioner, which could not be produced at trial by the bank, St. John testified, "It should be in the bank's records", "It would be with the mortgage Department," "It would probably be with the department itself." [R. 913 lines 10-20] He also testified that the Agreement is, "a matter of public record in the bank for examiners;" [R. 1087 line 9] " . . . the FDIC, the Banking Department both knew about this ransaction. They had copies of the contract. They knew exactly what was going on, and every year they came in and looked at that particular phase of it, what deals had been made, how much monies [sic] had come in, what was due and owing afterwards." [R. 1090 lines 4-10] Coadministrator of the March 1, 1985 Agreement, John Schussler offered conflicting testimony on two occasions at trial admitting that "there was nothing in the bank's records that indicated that there was a Dimery-Ulster Savings Bank agreement." [R. 712 lines 5-10] Schussler explained that any revenue received under the March 1 Agreement would be identified, if reported, strictly as income from foreclosed property or ORE. [R. 712 line 18]

The bank admitted that the ORE accountings have nothing to do with the calculations made under the March 1, 1985 Agreement. [R. 908 lines 7-12]

The bank admitted that the \$281,200.00 mortgage balance, the Petitioner's debt explicitly identified as the

Petitioner's principal continuing debt obligation in the March 1 Agreement, [R. 53] was carried as an ORE asset. The difference between that sum and the Agreement's \$364,926.14 total mortgage debt acknowledged as a continuing obligation by the Petitioner could not be accounted for. "It wasn't on the bank's books", [R. 598 line 2] and that while the \$281,200.00 as an ORE asset could not generate interest, under Banking Department rules, Dimery under the mortgage restructuring section of the Agreement, was charged interest on the entire \$304,926.14, unaccounted for in bank records. [R. 603 line 9, 605 line 14]

Decision and Order

The matter was tried by the court without a jury over several weeks commencing December 13, 1999 and ending on January 7, 2000. The Decision & Order, dated May 19, 2000 concluded Phase I of the Trial. The trial court bifurcated the trial proceedings, in the Decision & Order, holding

It is the Court's intention to furnish rulings and determinations herein which will allow for preparation of a proper and fair accounting, regardless of what the final balance may be and in whose favor. The end result can only be determined in *phase two* of the trial after the accountants confer and prepare their joint revised accounting for the Court. (App. 82)

The accountants are directed to confer and to prepare a joint account consistent with the rulings herein and to submit the same to the Court and to the parties on or before July 14, 2000. A conference is scheduled for August 15, 2000 at which time counsel shall settle, on notice, a proposed judgment based upon the determinations herein rendered. (App. 86)

By Decision & Order, the trial Court held "There is no basis to set aside the agreement or to find the original agreement fraudulent and non-binding on the plaintiff." (App. 70)

"Dimery has chosen to accuse Ulster of making false documents and suspicious entries and funneling monies without presenting any credible evidence." (App. 78)

"There is a difference of as much as 1 1/2 to 2 million dollars between Dimery's claim there was a profit and Ulster's claim there was a loss." (App. 67)

"The court is mindful of 'Ulster's incompetence' as well as the many other errors and omissions disclosed during the trial." (App. 83)

"Tax records, an affidavit that reflects balances in a different time frame, and the use of inappropriate forms to reflect transactions and various other items submitted at trial do not rise to the level of proof required to sustain these claims." (App. 78)

"Dimery fails to prove that there were multiple sales of lot[s]... Assessors records do not rise to the level of proof required." (App. 84)

"Reliance on use of purchase money mortgage forms [filed in the Putnam County Clerk's Office] where other documents [in bank files] also refer to these mortgages as building loans is not evidence that fraud was committed by Ulster." (App. 79)

"While there were many loose ends and extremely sloppy legal work and use of inappropriate forms, failure to timely record instruments, and many other shortcomings as noted in plaintiff's brief, none of these individually or collectively constitute proof of fraud by clear and convincing evidence." (App. 79)

"Dimery has failed to prove fraud ..." (App. 85)
"Since plaintiff Dimery has failed to prove fraud, there is no basis for imposing a constructive trust." (App. 85)

Relative to the Petitioner's assertion that the bank's claim of a landlord tenant relationship between the parties in a summary proceeding on the basis of a non existent "lease" was false and fraudulent, the court held that a proper petition as established by law was not a requirement for it to acquire subject matter jurisdiction over the proceeding, and held as harmless the bank's false "allegation."

In its Decision & Order, the trial court stated Plaintiff claims that the summary proceeding was part of the alleged fraud. The Court removed the Justice Court proceeding to this Court to be dealt with herein.

Holding as irrelevant, "whatever the form of the proceeding," the trial court concluded, "Once again careless legal work and terminology do not constitute fraud. Whoever determined to bring a summary proceeding alleging a month-to-month tenancy and a holdover obviously failed to read. . . " Ulster, under the terms of the agreement, needed only to give Dimery a 30-day termination notice and then to seek judicial assistance should she fail to vacate. (App. 81)

The record before the trial court established that the decision to bring the summary proceeding was made by the President, CEO and Chairman of the Respondent bank in his official capacity as having signed for the corporate Respondent the March 1, 1985 Agreement between the parties, prepared by a bank trustee and attorney for the bank, [R. 851 lines 12-18, 852 line 16] which chairman acknowledged in testimony that he was as general counsel to the bank, "the man responsible for regulatory compliance," and that his law firm was counsel to the bank. [R. 1078 lines 15-25, 1079 line 2]

Nowhere in the lower court's determinations was there a finding of the existence of a landlord-tenant relationship of any sort between the Appellant and the Respondent as pertained to the summary proceeding commenced against the Appellant . . . [Reply Affirmation, pg.2, January 3, 2001]

The trial court granted the bank's Summary Petition by judgment. (App. 11)

Appeal and Cross Appeal of Decision and Order

On September 7, 2000 counsel for the Petitioner appealed the Decision & Order to the New York State Appellate Division Second Department on the grounds

that only the mechanical preparation of the accounting remained and sought a stay in proceedings based on the irregularities surrounding the court's material alterations of its entered decision on August 29, 2000 and September 6, 2000. The bank's Notice of Cross Appeal is dated October 3, 2000. On November 17, 2000, the Appellate Division Second Department dismissed the appeal on the grounds that it was not final in the meaning of the constitution; "no appeal lies from a decision," and denied the stay in proceedings. Upon the appeal, the trial court lost jurisdiction of the case throughout the appeal process. The trial court improperly proceeded to judgment on October 26, 2000.

Exercise of Appellate Jurisdiction by Supreme Court

On August 11, 2000, counsel for Ulster Savings Bank submitted a letter [R. 117] via Federal Express to the Court, without entry of the correspondence in the Office of the Putnam County Clerk, explaining that the accountants had "unresolved issues" requesting that the court revisit the entered Decision & Order and provide "additional guidance." The letter stated that it and additional "letters" to be received by the court in conjunction with a scheduled September 6, 2000, "should help the parties and the Court focus on the key arguments and evidence at the upcoming conference."

On August 29, 2000 the trial court, in an improper and prohibited exercise of appellate jurisdiction, distributed to the parties, in answer to the request prepared by the bank, an informal not of record memo, authorizing changes, material restatements, alterations and additions to the filed Decision & Order, which were incorporated as "Guidance" in final judgment dated and entered October 26, 2000. (App. 10) The "guidance" holdings award the bank additional monies, not included in the filed Decision & Order, far in excess of \$600,000.00. The changes also prohibit the inclusion of other revenue receipts conservatively totaling, of record, several million dollars. Counsel for Dimery orally argued the following at a September 6, 2000 conference [R. 125] and counsel did further argue in

briefs to the Appellate Division Second Department and the Court of Appeals:

CPLR 5019(a) provides: Validity and correction of judgment or order. "A judgment or order shall not be stayed, impaired or affected by any mistake, defect or irregularity in the papers or procedures in the action not affecting a substantial right of a party. A trial or an appellate court may require the mistake, defect or irregularity to be cured."

The statute incorporates and continues a longstanding tenet of law that a judgment or order cannot be changed amended or corrected by the trial judge issuing that judgment or order if such change affects the substantial rights of a party. Herpe v. Herpe et al., 225 N.Y. 323, 327 (1919)

The rule is equally applicable to judgments, orders and decisions of the Court.

When a decision on the merits has been rendered after a trial, the Court is without power to make a different decision. It may only correct errors clerical in their nature or in a proper case, it may set aside its decision and order a new trial, but it is not authorized to make a new decision. Miltenberg & Samton, Inc. v. Falkingham, 273 A.D. 631, 632, 78 N.Y. S. 2d 704, 705 (1st Dep't 1948)

The judgment

The judgment issued by the trial court, below, awards money and property to the Respondent [bank] under an accounting for a "December 18, 1984 contract." Such an agreement was never the subject of the trial between the parties. There was never any December 18, 1984 contract signed, seen or adopted by the Appellant and the entirety of trial court's determinations, during trial involved a March 1, 1985 Agreement. No evidence was offered of an alleged liability of the Appellant under a December 18, 1984 contract, and nothing in the subject matter before the trial court addressed an agreement with the date of December 18, 1984. The judgment, with its included accounting utilized for its

final entry, radically alters the arrangement between the Respondent [bank] and the Appellant. [Affirmation in Support of Order to Show Cause December 20, 2000 Appellate Division Second Department]

The trial court did not possess the jurisdiction to decree by judgment against Petitioner that prior to the March 1, 1985 Agreement, the Petitioner under a "December 18, 1984 Contract" on the calendar date of February 28, 1985, had joint venture obligations and indebtedness to the bank in the amount of \$376,522.20, a date prior to the establishment of the joint venture as held by the trial court. (App. 17)

"The trial court's Decision and Order specifically refers to the parties having attained the subject relationship on March 1, 1985, but no accounting was commenced on that date to derive the judgment being appealed." [Affirmation in Support of Order to Show Cause December 20, 2000 Appellate Division Second Department]

"In fact, there is no entry in the judgment accounting utilized by the Court for any activity on March 1, 1985." (See App. 18)

"The judgment, as entered, operated as a substantial material change of the Decision and Order from which it should have flowed, and has no basis in law or fact." [Affirmation December 20, 2000 Appellate Division page 13]

"... The judgment predicated upon the accounting is seriously flawed for it is based upon something for which the Appellant has no debt obligation... without explanation or basis in the record." [Affirmation December 20, 2000 Appellate Division]

"In fact, predicating the judgment upon an unknown December 18, 1984 (See App. 17) contract, when the Respondent still had retained [alleged] foreclosure rights, which would have been foregone pursuant to the March 1, 1985 Agreement ... while still purporting to the Appellant to be operating under the March 1, 1985 agreement which was the subject of trial below, is fraudulent." [Affirmation in Support of Order to Show Cause Appellate Division Second Department December 20, 2000 page 13]

- "... Predicated upon a starting point of December 18, 1984, even in the totality of the trial court's Decision and Order and subsequent activities, such an accounting could not have been stated as pursuant to any action of the trial, to the serious detriment of the Appellant." [Affirmation in Support of Order to Show Cause Appellate Division Second Department December 20, 2000 page 15]
- "... This Court is being presented with a judgment without a full record [lack of Phase II trial record] against which to measure the propriety of the judgment entered below, and further, with a judgment addressing subject matter or facts which were never in existence throughout the trial of this matter." [Affirmation in Support of Order to Show Cause dated December 20, 2000 page 16 Appellate Division Second Department]

The judgment of the trial court is invalid for want of jurisdiction, evidences bias of the trial judge, judicial collusion, and structural error which affect the framework in which the trial proceeded. The very existence of the judgment, attaching liability to the Petitioner is a violation of the Petitioner's constitutionally guaranteed due process and equal protection rights, and the defects on the face of the judgment prohibit attachment of the presumption of regularity.

Appeal to Appellate Division Second Department

On October 27, 2000, counsel for Dimery appealed to the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court of the State of New York Second Department from the judgment of the Supreme Court of Putnam County, entered on October 26, 2000, excluding that part of the judgment entitling Dimery to title and possession of the "Lakefront parcel," so called therein. On November 14, 2000, counsel for Ulster Savings Bank cross-appealed the judgment, from every part therein.

On December 29, 2004 the Appellate Division Second Department by Decision and Order dismissed the bank's cross-appeal for failure to perfect, denied the bank's motion to strike Dimery's brief for materials claimed to be de hors the record, held that the trial court erred on the law, vacating \$327,221.98 in money judgment awards to the bank, and found that the trial court's determination that the March 1, 1985 Agreement did not reinstate Dimery's mortgages to be "fair." (App. 3) The court otherwise affirmed the judgment, without findings of fact or rendering opinion. By Decision and Order dated March 28, 2005 the Appellate Division denied a Motion to Reargue, Resettle and Amend the Decision and Order or in alternative for leave to appeal to the New York State Court of Appeals. (App. 7)

Motion for leave to appeal to New York State Court of Appeals

On July 6, 2005 the Court of Appeals denied a Motion for Leave to Appeal, and on November 17, 2005 denied a Motion to Reargue Motion for Leave to Appeal. (App. 1, 2)

The petition for certiorari follow.

REASONS FOR GRANTING THE WRIT

The judgment in this case passed scrutiny of the Appellate Division and the New York State Court of Appeals because of systemic loopholes permitting the misapplication of "the presumption of regularity" doctrine and "harmless error analysis" in civil cases allowing constitutional violations of due process and equal protection rights, redress of which are never given a day in court. Certainly, the judicious use of state and federal resources and the finality of judgment d. trine must be respected. In such case, the responsibility of the trial court to adjudicate impartially and the obligation of the state's immediate reviewing court to dutifully execute its responsibilities

are the yardsticks by which most in this nation measure how "fairly" justice is dispensed under the guarantees of the Constitutional system of laws. The judicial system's deference to findings of fact at the trial court level, and the primary examination of principles of law at the appellate level permit those judges so inclined to abuse this "honor system." If the factual holdings of the court are false or contradictory, the trial court's decisions and judgments are built upon shifting sand. A finding of law, though erroneous, may appear to a reviewing court as reasonable or "fair" or correct if undue deference is given to the fact findings and exercises of discretion of the lower court.

The practice of a state Appellate Division to affirm a trial judgment in whole or part without comment or opinion invites the potential miscarriage of justice. The prejudiced party loses the right to automatic appeal in New York State if no findings of fact are made by the appellate division, and affirmation, without comment, leaves reasonable questions as to whether the court misunderstood the facts, and to what extent relevant application of the law may have been misapprehended. The lack of reviewing opinion relative to alleged violations of due process and equal protection rights in a case of this complexity is unusual and perplexing. In 2001 the District Attorney of Putnam County made application for the appointment of a Special Prosecutor to investigate the possibility of a conspiracy by the bank to defraud the Petitioner. The amended order of the Supreme Court of the County of Putnam appointing the current third Special Prosecutor is included in the appendix. (App. 121)

I. THE COURT SHOULD GRANT CERTIORARI IN THIS CASE TO DETERMINE THE CONSTI-TUTIONALITY OF THE JUDGMENT

Since jurisdiction cannot be waived, the silent application of harmless error review by the lower courts would be a violation of procedural due process, and contrary to the explicit rulings of this Court. While this Court has held that no one is guaranteed a perfect trial, the rulings of the Court have upheld the constitutional right to a trial bereft of structural error which affects the framework in which the trial proceeds and which in effect is the denial of a "fair" trial.

This court has stated that exceptions to harmless error review in federal constitutional law are "rare."

This case has departed from the accepted and usual course of judicial proceedings, and exhibits such pervasive "rare" constitutional structural error that, most respectfully, this Court should exercise its supervisory powers to correct the error.

II. THE COURT SHOULD DETERMINE WHETHER A CORPORATE PERSON CAN BE ADJUDGED "INCOMPETENT"

At issue before the Court is whether a chartered corporate person can be judicially determined "incompetent" and if so, in fact not be correspondingly adjudged in violation of the charter under which it exists, in effect forfeiting its right to a chartered existence. A determination of "incompetence" relative to lack of legal qualifications and fitness to carry out required duties as mandated by charter would imply a corresponding requirement to force the bank into receivership with a "guardian" such as the FDIC, akin to fiscal insolvency.

A. This is an issue of first impression which should be decided by the Supreme Court

The Court has repeatedly held that because the corporate person is not an individual person, Fifth Amendment privileges relative to self-incrimination cannot be claimed by a corporation, codifying that not all constitutional rights guaranteed to natural persons can be asserted by a "creature of the state." United States v. White, 332 U.S. at 699.4.

... individuals, when acting as representatives of a collective group, cannot be said to be exercising

their personal rights and duties nor to be entitled to their purely personal privileges. Rather they assume the rights, duties and privileges of the artificial entity or association of which they are agents or officers and they are bound by its obligations. In their official capacity, therefore, they have no privilege against self-incrimination.

In Braswell v. United States, 487 U.S. 99 (1988) the Court stated that white collar crime is a serious public concern, and unencumbered enforcement of federal and state laws is in the public interest.

We note further that recognizing a Fifth Amendment privilege on behalf of the records custodians of collective entities would have a detrimental impact on the Government's efforts to prosecute "white-collar crime," one of the most serious problems confronting law enforcement authorities. "The greater portion of evidence of wrongdoing by an organization or its representatives is usually found in the official records and documents of that organization. Were the cloak of the privilege to be thrown around these impersonal records and documents, effective enforcement of many federal and state laws would be impossible." White, 322 U.S. at 700. If [487 U.S. 99, 116] custodians could assert a privilege, authorities would be stymied not only in their enforcement efforts against those individuals but also in their prosecutions of organizations. In Bellis, the Court observed: "In view of the inescapable fact that an artificial entity can only act to produce its records through its individual officers or agents, recognition of the individual's claim of privilege with respect to the financial records of the organization would substantially undermine the unchallenged rule that the organization itself is not entitled to claim any Fifth Amendment privilege. and largely frustrate legitimate government regulation of such organizations."

The trial court's determination of "Ulster's incompetence," holding harmless "errors and omissions," evident on the face of trial documents permitted the bank, de facto, to hide behind prohibited Fifth Amendment "self-incrimination" privileges, affecting substantial rights of the Petitioner.

B. Article XIII-D misconduct relating to banking organizations

Section 660. Misconduct of officers, directors, trustees or employees of banking corporations and of private bankers. Section 672. Falsification of books, reports or statements of private bankers or corporations subject to the banking law. 1. Any officer, director, trustee, employee or agent of any corporation to which the banking law is applicable who makes a false entry in any book, report or statement of such corporation with intent to deceive any officer, director or trustee thereof, or any agent or examiner lawfully appointed to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or any public officer, office or board to which such corporation is required by law to report, or which has authority by law to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or who, with like intent, willfully omits to make a true entry of any material particularly pertaining to the business of such corporation in any book. report or statement of such corporation made, written or kept by him under his direction, is guilty... New York State Banking Laws.

In this case, serious incontrovertible evidence of misconduct on the part of a federally regulated bank has been by judgment and affirmation held harmless by virtue of a judicial determination of "incompetence" of a corporate person, discarding the legal principles of corporate liability and accountability under law and waiving constitutional guarantees of the aggrieved on the grounds that this is constitutionally permissible absent a determination of fraud.

III. CERTAIN CONSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURAL ERRORS REQUIRE AUTOMATIC REVERSAL OF JUDGMENT

A. Case proceedings are erroneous

Having brought the foreclosure actions against Reymert, in the middle of the instant litigation, and having made one set of assertions, which were accepted by Judge Hickman resulting in foreclosure judgments, under the doctrine of issue preclusion, the Respondent [bank] should not have been allowed to take a stance different in the case now before this Court and the trial judge should not have accepted a different understanding of the transaction diverging from the one he himself accepted in the prior judgment. [Affirmation in Support of Order to Show Cause dated December 20, 2000 Appellate Division Second Department]

Whatever is necessarily implied in the former decision is for the purpose of estoppel deemed to have been decided which flow from that judgment, including conclusions of law or facts. *Pray v. Hegeman* 98 NY 351 (1885) [Plaintiff's Post trial Memorandum page 28]

In 1995 and 1996, during the course of the foreclosure litigation, before this same Court, the defendant [bank] disclosed and asserted entirely different terms and monies due and owing it . . .

Wherein decisions have been made based upon its assertions and allegations, which should estop it from asserting the contrary in this action. [Ibid. page 33]

All the documentary evidence indisputably shows that the Reymert Construction Corp. transactions, as they impact upon the plaintiff's liability to the defendant and as they would lead to a determination of profitability, were underreported, and it is maintained, fraudulently underreported. [Ibid. page 29]

... To accept the defendant's position would be an assault on the integrity of the judicial system. [Ibid. page 33]

For this Court to accept that assertion by the defendant [bank] would be to accept an assertion that the judicial process can be *devoid* of any integrity . . . [Plaintiff's Reply Brief April 3, 2000 page 7]

The Court is being asked to accept that this defendant [bank] either does not know how to write a construction loan or that it does not know the normal and statutory requirements of construction loans. [Plaintiff's Reply Brief page 8]

... The defendant's actions over the course of its dealings with the plaintiff were not just wrong, but fraudulent. [Plaintiff's Reply Brief page 13]

As referenced above, the trial judge during litigation permitted the Respondent bank in a related legal proceeding involving Reymert Construction Corp. to divest \$2,855,000.00 in joint venture funds and additional bond and mortgage rights, held in trust, to a third party without notice to Petitioner. By Decision & Order, the trial court held that the total sum of the Reymert transactions, relative to the joint venture was \$270,000.00. (App. 63)

B. Evidence of judicial bias

The Trial Judge prejudged and predetermined the outcome of the case.

At the conclusion of Phase I of the trial, by Decision & Order the trial court held "for many reasons the venture did not generate funds to pay off her indebtedness." (App. 80)

This prejudged holding of the court prior to Phase II of the trial effectively and in fact did foreclose the Petitioner's real property rights and entitlement to profits from the joint venture, and with bias determined before the preparation and analysis of the accounting that the joint venture was not profitable.

The Decision & Order simultaneously held that Phase II of the trial would be the preparation of an accounting in accordance with the court's determinations in the Decision, and that a "proper and fair" accounting (App. 82) would be the basis on which the court would adjudicate the rights of the parties relative to the liquidation of mortgage indebtedness on the part of the Petitioner and joint venture profits to be shared by the parties pursuant to the March 1, 1985 Agreement.

The trial judge pierced the veil of judicial impartiality and denied petitioner a fair trial when he rendered a Trial Phase I predetermined Decision, evidencing bias and collusion, that Dimery's debt was not liquidated by funds received under the joint venture, and then bifurcated the trial holding that Phase II of the trial was for the preparation of a "proper and fair" accounting to determine whether the venture was profitable, which solvency was predicated on the liquidation of Dimery's indebtedness. Ensuing revenue and real property entitlements of the parties were to be determined by the results of the accounting. "The summary proceeding removed to this Court from Justice Court, Putnam Valley, will be held in abeyance pending the revision of this accounting and the results thereof." (App. 85) Though the landmark decisions of the Court regarding structural error emanate from criminal trials, and the record is scarce relative to specific civil cases applications, there is nothing in the language of the decisions which prohibits their application to civil cases.

The May 19, 2000 Decision, in fact, ordered that the accounting result in calculations to support the prejudged and bias determination by the court that " . . . the venture did not generate funds to pay off her [Dimery's] indebtedness," while the court disingenuously held that its determinations are for a "fair and proper" accounting, regardless of what the balance may be and in whose favor," in a veiled attempt to camouflage judicial bias. This Court has established judicial bias to be structural error affecting the trial mechanism, and that such can never be subject to harmless error review, and that a determination of judicial bias requires automatic reversal of the judgment. See Arizona v. Fulminate, 499 U.S. 279 (1991); Chapman v. California, 386 U.S. 1822 (1967); Neder v. United States, 527 U.S. 30 (1999); Rose v. Clark, 478 U.S. 570 (1986); Strickland v. Washington, 466 U.S. 668 (1984); Sullivan v. Louisiana, 508 U.S. 275 (1993).

By Decision & Order the trial court held "... the larger ... Valley parcel was omitted from the original mortgage ..." (App. 58) Ulster claims that through a

clerical error this portion of the Valley property was omitted from the foreclosure. This is another example of the sloppy and incompetent legal work involved in this joint venture. (App. 80)

The trial court held that the bank's claim, seventeen years after the fact, that due to a 'clerical error', a mortgage had not been recorded on Dimery's fifteen acre parcel, improved by three buildings was reasonable and that the court would proceed as though in fact the mortgage had been given and recorded.

Howard St. John [Respondent Bank CEO & President] stipulated that there were no mortgages nor foreclosures on some of the subject properties. [R. 951 line 19]

Counsel for Plaintiff argued in Plaintiff's Reply Brief, dated April 3, 2000 to Supreme Court County of Putnam pages 4-7, that the intent of the parties relative to the Union Valley Road mortgages is clear from the documents.

"The defendant had to know what was being mortgaged at the time of the execution of the mortgages as evidenced by Exhibits PP and PP-1 ... [R. 2216-2253, excepting 2248] [R. pages 2249 and 2251, Title Report documents, confirm that the mortgaged premises are two parcels of vacant land. This fact was confirmed in the filed mortgages by initialing [R.1824, 1834]

In the context of the writing of the mortgages, what a lender would or would not do is an irrelevant to the inquiry. This defendant handles 200 300 million dollars worth of mortgages a year . . . "T.917" A party to a written agreement may not assert its validity and at the same time deny that the writing embodies the actual contractual rights and obligations which the parties intended to make. Fields v. Delmonico Hotel Corp., 38 M. 2d 704. [Plaintiff's Reply Brief pages 4-7 Supreme Court County of Putnam]

Counsel for the Petitioner further argued that "All the elements of fraud exist" in this case. "The fraud . . . was a continuing endeavor on the part of the defendant [bank] to

eventually shuttle the plaintiff aside after the benefits of her efforts in creating a valuable subdivision on the Union Valley Road property came to fruition." [Ibid. page 21]

While simultaneously representing to the Town of Carmel that it was submitting funds "to further the application of Mrs. Dimery" in September 1985 (Exs.1, 26), "the defendant was planning to claim the property under foreclosure." [Ibid. page 25]

Preliminary approval for the entire eleven lot subdivision was obtained on January 8, 1986. Ex. 26 Planning Board minutes of January 8, 1986. Thereafter, on January 29, 1986, the defendant [bank] filed two deeds, the deed from the plaintiff to the defendant and the foreclosure deed for the Union Valley Road foreclosures . . . The objective of the defendant, by receiving the deed from the plaintiff to the defendant, was to bring into the defendant's hands that part of the Union Valley Road property which was never mortgaged. [Idid. page 22]

Without informing the plaintiff that it had recorded the foreclosure deeds, the defendant represented to the plaintiff that together they were working toward a common purpose aimed at liquidating plaintiff's indebtedness, as evidenced by the accounting given over time to plaintiff by defendant, such representations upon which the plaintiff continued to rely. [Ibid. page 24]

The court in its Decision & Order, by discretion, determined that the security deed was not a mortgage, because Dimery restructured payment of her mortgage debt under the agreement, and such was a fatal acknowledgment of an original failure to liquidate the debt, barring equity. (App. 71) "Point I of Plaintiff's Memorandum clearly sets forth the applicable law regarding the considerations for determining whether or not a conveyance is a mortgage. And, it is not limited to the field of equitable mortgages. . . ." [Plaintiff's Reply Brief page 4]

To buttress this untenable position, the court falsely stated that never endorsed, never deposited checks, with no markings (App. 120, 57) [R. 2933, 2932, 2530] given by

Dimery to the bank had been "dishonored" by Dimery's bank two years prior to signing the March 1, 1985 Agreement, an outrageously false claim not even made by the bank itself at trial, and that a check which could not be produced by the bank was not paid, and that a check which the bank acknowledged as paid was a substitution check, despite the face amounts being different, and the bank's inability to produce the original document, which appears to have been cashed as well. Banking institution microfilm records had been destroyed prior to trial! "As a matter of law, Appellant did not have unclean hands." [Reply brief for Plaintiff-Appellant-Respondent, dated June 30, 2004 Appellate Division Second Department]. Although certiorari does not lie to control judicial discretion, it is available to control "plain, manifest, clear, great or gross abuse of discretion . . . " Simpson v. Pulaski County Circuit Court, 320 Ark. 468, 899 S.W.2d 50, 51 (1951) "... Those checks were never negotiated by the Respondent ... they could [not] have been dishonored." [Reply Affirmation December 20, 2000 Appellate Division Second Department page 5].

The trial court's patently incorrect unclean hands determination and the abusive discretionary determination that the deed was not a new mortgage were in fact smoke screen distractions to conceal fraud on the court under the color of law. The trial court also determined in the same Decision & Order that the *original* 1982 mortgages given by the Petitioner to Ulster Savings Bank were extant on March 1, 1985, specifying that \$281,200.00 in mortgage principal and \$70,787.72 in accrued interest were "still due Ulster." (App. 57) Nothing in the record demonstrates the valid termination of the Petitioner's ownership rights under the original 1982 mortgages on which principal and interest were "still due Ulster" on March 1, 1985.

The bank retained the funds liquidating the original mortgages, and retain the mortgaged property and the non mortgaged to Ulster property, under the court's holding that as part of the agreement of March 1, 1985, Dimery "astute and intelligent" voluntarily entered into a joint venture and deeded her property to the bank," for no logical reason without obligation on the part of Ulster. (App. 70)

The Appellate Division Second Department held that the trial court's determination that the new deed was not a mortgage is "fair." (App. 3) It is respectfully suggested to this Court that the machinations of the trial court and the Respondent bank are so complex and devious that coupled with the repeated false foreclosure claims in the bank's briefs to the reviewing courts, considering the standard of review, and the presumptions of regularity with respect to the findings of the trial court, and the judgment itself, that the reviewing courts misunderstood the facts, and misapprehended the applicable law.

C. Lack of Phase II trial record

At each step after the Decision and Order, without any particular records being established for its determinations, the trial court did not merely correct clerical errors — it made several determinations which altered its own Decision and Order and materially affected a substantial right of the Appellant. The judgment being appealed is the embodiment of various inconsistencies and practical additur of liability against the Appellant, without any legal basis. [Affirmation in Support of Order to Show Cause, dated December 20, 2000 page 11 Appellate Division Second Department]

D. Denial of the right to be heard

... the court, via a correspondence dated August 29, 2000, issued determinations addressing the issues posed by counsel for the parties before the conference date [September 6, 2000] and without the opportunity for respective trial counsel to make any factual or legal arguments ... Those determinations were divergent from those in the trial court's original Decision and Order ... On September 6, 2000 wherein the court gave further directions at odds with the determinations or modifications to both the Decision and Order and its [August 29, 2000 correspondence.] By correspondence to the Court dated October 12, 2000,

the Respondent [bank] "asserted additional liabilities due it from the Appellant" not included in the Decision and Order or the August 29, 2000 correspondence, but which the court adopted in its final judgment. [Ibid. page 7]

... The trial court issued determinations which materially contradicted and amended the Decision and Order. Neither party waived its rights to submit documentation or make legal arguments to the court at that time. [Ibid. page 9]

IV. JURISDICTIONAL DEFECTS ON THE FACE OF THE RECORD

The trial court's jurisdictional competency to proceed to judgment under changes and amendments of the filed Decision and Order by the court's August 29, 2000 "letter" was challenged by Plaintiff's counsel at the September 6, 2000 conference. Original objections made to the trial court on September 6, 2000 by Dimery's counsel, are in the Reproduced Joint Record on Appeal [R.125] Prior to the scheduled September 6, 2000 attorney conference, the trial court in an exercise of appellate jurisdiction amended its filed May 19, 2000 Decision, and materially altered, changed and modified the Decision's determinations [R. 120] to increase the Petitioner's alleged debt by a sum in excess of \$600,000.00, and did further determine that certain revenues collected by bank, as evidenced at trial, could not be calculated in the accounting as having been received and in so doing in fact did alter the outcome of the case.

At each point after the issuance of initial Decision and Order, the trial court substantially increased the alleged debt of the Appellant, ensuring that one would exist and eliminating any chance of the Appellant obtaining clear and unencumbered title to her residence. CPLR Section 5011 defines a judgment as the determination of the rights of the parties in an action. It is the embodiment of the decision. CPLR Section 5016(c) provides that in a nonjury trial, the decision of the judge determines the judgment. . . . [Affirmation Order to

Show Cause Appellate Division December 20, 2000 page 11]

- "Matters respecting the description of the property in the petition in a summary proceeding go to the subject matter jurisdiction of the Court, and may be raised at any time-even on appeal. Clarke v. Wallace Oil Company, Inc., 284 A.D.2d 492, 493, 727 N.Y.S.2d 139, 140 (2d) Dep't 2001) "Respondent [bank] always knew that Box 338, Mahopac Falls, 10542 was a post office box and not a real property street address as it falsely stated in the Petition and Judgment (See R. 2622, 2904-2905, 2906 and 2908-2909)." [Affirmation and Memorandum in Opposition July 30, 2004 page 6 Appellate Division Second Departmentl "An accurate description of the premises in the petition, R.P.A.P.L. 741(3), 'is so fundamental to a summary proceeding that an inaccuracy is a fatal defect which the court may not correct or disregard as a mere irregularity. Papacostopulos v. Morelli, 122 Misc. 2d at 307, affd, 161 Misc.2d 681, 616 N.Y.S.2d 683." [Reply Brief for Plaintiff-Appellant-Respondent June 30, 2004 page 19 Appellate Division Second Department]
- 3. "The Bank's point that the improper venue did not invalidate the [1983] foreclosures is wrong (See pg.34, Res. Brief). The case of *Inspiration Enterprises Inc. et al. v. Inland Credit Corporation et al.*, 54 A.D.2d 839, 840, 388 N.Y.S.2d 578, 579 (1st Dep't 1976) cited in Appellant's main brief, clearly holds that a judgment entered incontravention of C.P.L.R. 507 is invalid. [Ibid. page 9]
- 4. "Both the Petition in the Justice Court and Respondent's Counterclaim in the Supreme Court were fatally defective and the lower court was without jurisdiction to award possession. . . ." [Ibid. page 16]
- 5. Not withstanding its clear comprehension that the landlord tenant, "month-to-month tenancy and a holdover" in the bank's petition to Justice Court was a false "allegation", not in compliance with law, depriving the trial court of subject matter jurisdiction, the court knowingly without jurisdiction granted the bank's petition by Judgment. (App. 11)

V. FRAUD UPON THE COURT ON THE FACE OF THE RECORD

- Respondent's fraud is further compounded by the fact that even though the mortgages with Petitioner's true address (as well as the true address for the Union Valley Property which was Union Valley Road, Mahopac, NY 10541) [R. 2099 and 2108], were annexed to the complaints in the [1983] foreclosures, the complaints themselves plead that "Upon information and belief, that at all times hereinafter mentioned, the defendants [sic] reside or have a place of business at P.O. Box 3338 [sic], Mahopac Falls, New York 10542" [R. 2088 and 2177]. In sum, the mortgages establish beyond a doubt that all of the mortgaged property in this case was located in Mahopac, NY 10541; none was located in Mahopac Falls 10542; yet every critical paper falsely represents to the Court that the dealings between the parties concerned non existent properties in Mahopac Falls (10542) (App. 9) Garrison, (10524) [R. 135, 136] Lake Carmel (10512) (App. 89) and Carmel, NY (10512) (App. 119)
- 2. In that same foreclosure proceeding, the affidavit of the Bank's Loan Officer, John Schussler attached to the Referee's report of the amount due, falsely describes the foreclosed parcel as "... residential structure which is situated on a residential parcel of land in the Town of Carmel, County of Putnam, State of New York" (R.2144). In fact the "parcel" described in the Judgment of foreclosure and sale (R. 2132-33) was actually 'two separate tax map parcels of vacant land' which later became part of the subdivision. The only parcel in the development property which was improved [by three separate structures] was the Petitioner's 15 acre parcel never mortgaged to Ulster.
- 3. The warrant of eviction [R. 142] prepared and subsequently executed by the bank and signed by the trial court falsely states that the denomination of the non existent property as awarded by Judgment [App. 9] is in fact a "postal street address" for other real property in possession of the Petitioner, located in a different city/hamlet, at a different address from that awarded by Judgment.

- 4. In the 1995 Reymert foreclosures discussed under erroneous trial proceedings, the bank falsely represented to the Court that an improperly altered mortgage attached to the foreclosure papers was a true copy of the one that had been recorded in Putnam County land records in April 1991, when in fact it was not. The alteration was made by pen. [R. 1929 1928]
- 5. The 1983 foreclosure against the Union Valley vacant parcels was purportedly given the Index number 731-1983. According to the County Clerk index for that file, no affidavit of service of the summons and complaint in the foreclosure was ever filed with the County Clerk [R. 2097]. Yet, a copy of an affidavit of service of the complaint on Petitioner at a false, non existent address was attached to the attorney's affidavit of regularity on the Respondent bank's motion in that case to appoint a referee to determine the amount due under the mortgage. All of the bank's foreclosure papers in that foreclosure were prepared showing Index number 734/83 and most were later altered by pen to show Index number 731/83. [R. 2087, 2093, 2098, 2122, 2126, 2127, 2134, 2137, 2138 and 2147]

CONCLUSION

For all of the reasons set forth herein, the petition for a writ of certiorari should be granted and the judgment below as appealed from should be reversed in its entirey.

Respectfully submitted,

A.L. DIMERY Box 338 Mahopac Falls, NY 10542 (845) 628-1320

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State of New York, Court of Appeals

> At a session of the Court, held at Court of Appeals Hall in the City of Albany on the seventeenth day of November 2005

Present, HON. JUDITH S. KAYE, Chief Judge, presiding.

2-14 Mo. No. 871 Alice Laraine Dimery, Appellant,

v. Ulster Savings Bank, Respondent.

A motion for reargument of motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals in the above cause having been heretofore made upon the part of the appellant herein, papers having been submitted thereon and due deliberation having been thereupon had, it is

ORDERED, that the said motion be and the same hereby is denied.

/s/ Stuart M. Cohen Stuart M. Cohen Clerk of the Court State of New York, Court of Appeals

> At a session of the Court, held at Court of Appeals Hall in the City of Albany on the sixth day of July 2005

Present, HON. JUDITH S. KAYE, Chief Judge, presiding.

2-14 Mo. No. 527 Alice Laraine Dimery, Appellant,

V. Ulster Savings Bank, Respondent.

A motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals in the above cause having heretofore been made upon the part of the appellant herein and papers having been submitted thereon and due deliberation having been thereupon had, it is

ORDERED, that the said motion be and the same hereby is denied.

/s/ Stuart M. Cohen Stuart M. Cohen Clerk of the Court

Supreme Court of the State of New York Appellate Division: Second Judicial Department

D5297 C/cf

AD3d

Argued – December 9, 2004 (Filed December 27, 2004)

ANITA R. FLORIO, J.P. GABRIEL M. KRAUSMAN GLORIA GOLDSTEIN WILLIAM F. MASTRO, JJ.

2000-10282

DECISION & ORDER

Alice Laraine Dimery, appellant-respondent, v Ulster Savings Bank, respondent-appellant.

(Index No. 230/03)

Paul B. Bergins, White Plains, N.Y., for appellant-respondent.

ThacherProffitt & Wood, LLP, New York, N.Y. (Joel B. Harris and John P. Doherty of counsel), for respondent-appellant.

In an action, inter alia, for an accounting, which was consolidated with a summary holdover proceeding to recover possession of and to evict the plaintiff from the subject premises, the plaintiff appeals from stated portions of a judgment of the Supreme Court, Putnam County (Hickman, J.), entered October 26, 2000, which, after, among other things, a nonjury trial, dismissed the complaint and is in favor of the defendant on its counterclaims, and awarded the defendant damages representing

unpaid rent and taxes for the plaintiff's occupancy of the subject premises after termination of the parties' joint venture agreement for the period from April 1, 1991, through October 1, 2000, and the defendant cross-appeals from the same judgment.

ORDERED that the cross appeal is dismissed as abandoned, for failure to prosecute same in accordance with the rules of this court (see 22 NYCRR 670.8[c][e]); and it is further,

ORDERED that the judgment is modified, on the law, by deleting therefrom (1) the eleventh decretal paragraph, awarding the defendant damages representing unpaid rent for the period from April 1, 1991, through October 1, 2000, and (2) the fourteenth decretal paragraph, awarding the defendant damages representing unpaid taxes for the period from April 1, 1991, through October 1, 2000; as so modified, the judgment is affirmed insofar as appealed from, without costs or disbursements.

The trial court's conclusion that the March 1, 1985, agreement between the parties did not constitute a reinstatement of the plaintiffs mortgages was based on a fair interpretation of the evidence (see Donati v Marinelli Constr. Corp., 247 AD2d 423; Booth v Landau, 103 AD2d 733; Corcillo v Martut, Inc., 58 AD2d 617, affd 45 NY2d 878; Real Property Law § 320).

However, under the circumstances of this case, the trial court erred in awarding the defendant damages representing unpaid rent and taxes for the plaintiff's occupancy of the subject premises after termination of the parties' joint venture agreement. The defendant's petition in the summary holdover proceeding sought to recover possession of the subject premises and did not request an

award of damages for unpaid rent or taxes, and the defendant's counterclaim in the consolidated action requested damages only as a form of alternative relief in the event that it was not awarded possession of the premises and a warrant of eviction (see Port Chester Hous. Auth. v Turner, 189 Misc 2d 603; Fisher Ave. Realty Partners v Hausch, 186 Misc 2d 609). Moreover, the defendant never sought to collect rent or taxes from the plaintiff, and did not raise this issue at trial (see Hammerstein v Henry Mtn. Corp., 11 AD3d 836).

FLORIO, J.P., KRAUSMAN, GOLDSTEIN and MASTRO, JJ., concur.

2000-10282

DECISION & ORDER ON MOTION

Alice Laraine Dimery, appellant-respondent, v Ulster Savings Bank, respondent-appellant. (Index No. 230/03)

Motion by the respondent-appellant on an appeal and cross appeal from a judgment of the Supreme Court, Putnam County, entered October 26, 2000, to strike stated portions of the appellant-respondent's brief on the ground that it refers to matter dehors the record. By decision and order on motion of this court dated September 27, 2004, the motion was held in abeyance and referred to the Justices hearing the appeal for determination upon the argument or submission thereof.

Upon the papers filed in support of the motion and the papers filed in opposition thereto, and upon the argument of the appeal, it is

ORDERED that the motion is denied.

FLORIO, J.P., KRAUSMAN, GOLDSTEIN and MASTRO, JJ., concur.

ENTER:

/s/ James Edward Pelzer James Edward Pelzer Clerk of the Court

Supreme Court of the State of New York Appellate Division: Second Judicial Department

M23288 E/sl

ANITA R. FLORIO, J.P. GABRIEL M. KRAUSMAN GLORIA GOLDSTEIN WILLIAM F. MASTRO, JJ.

2000-10282

DECISION & ORDER ON MOTION (Filed March 28, 2005)

Alice Laraine Dimery, appellant-respondent, v Ulster Savings Bank, respondent-appellant.

(Index No. 230/93)

Motion by the respondent-appellant for leave to reargue an appeal from a judgment of the Supreme Court, Putnam County, entered October 26, 2000, which was determined by decision and order of this court dated December 27, 2004, or, in the alternative, for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals from the decision and order of this court.

Upon the papers filed in support of the motion and the papers filed in opposition thereto, it is

ORDERED that the motion is denied, with \$100 costs.

FLORIO, J.P., KRAUSMAN, GOLDSTEIN and MASTRO, JJ. concur.

App. 8

ENTER:

/s/ James Edward Pelzer James Edward Pelzer Clerk of the Court

Judgment Appealed from - Hon. S. Barrett Hickman dated October 26, 2000 with Exhibits (5-9)

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF PUTNAM

ALICE LARAINE DIMERY,

Plaintiff,

- against -

ULSTER SAVINGS BANK,

Defendant.

Index No. 230/93

Honorable

S. Barrett Hickman

JUDGMENT

Procedural Posture

WHEREAS, on or about October 21, 1992, defendant Ulster Savings Bank (the "Bank") commenced a summary proceeding in Justice Court, Town of Carmel, County of Putnam, New York, ("Summary Proceeding") to evict plaintiff Alice Laraine Dimery ("Dimery") from a certain parcel of real property described and designated as Box 338, South Lake Boulevard, Mahopac Falls, Putnam County, New York (the "Property") (a legal description of the Property is annexed hereto as Exhibit A);

WHEREAS, on or about November 20, 1992, the Summary Proceeding was removed to Justice Court, Town of Putnam Valley, County of Putnam, New York;

WHEREAS, on or about February 10, 1993, Dimery filed the captioned action against the Bank;

WHEREAS, by Order of this Court dated June 22, 1993, the Court stayed the Bank's Summary Proceeding against Dimery and consolidated it with the captioned action;

WHEREAS, on or about August 2, 1993, the Bank filed an Answer in the captioned action containing three counterclaims wherein the Bank sought: (1) judgment awarding the Bank possession of the Property and issuing a warrant for Dimery's removal therefrom; (2) damages, and (3) costs;

WHEREAS, from December 13, 1999 to January 7, 2000, trial was held in this matter;

Decision and Interim Order

WHEREAS, the Court rendered a decision and interim order dated May 19,2000 ("Decision and Order") in which the Court directed the parties to prepare an accounting consistent with the rulings contained therein;

WHEREAS, the Court issued a memorandum to the parties dated August 29, 2000 in which the Court provided additional guidance with respect to the preparation of the accounting;

WHEREAS, on or about September 6, 2000, the Court held a conference wherein the Court provided further guidance with respect to the preparation of the accounting;

It is NOW,

Dimery's Summons and Complaint

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED, that Dimery's summons and complaint, verified February 10, 1993, is dismissed with prejudice in the captioned action; and it is

Bank's Summary Proceeding and Counterclaims

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED, that the stay with respect to the Summary Proceeding is removed; and it is

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED, that the Bank's Petition is granted in the Summary Proceeding, except with respect to attorneys' fees and the costs of this litigation; and it is

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED, that the Bank's counterclaims are granted in the captioned action, except with respect to attorneys' fees and the costs of this litigation; and it is

Joint Venture

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED, that the accounting attached hereto as Exhibit B, which is incorporated herein, is the final accounting of the joint venture entered into by Dimery and the Bank, which accounting shows that the expenses of the joint venture exceeded income by two hundred eighty eight thousand one hundred sixty and eighty seven cents (\$288,160.87); and it is

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED, that the joint venture was not profitable, and that Dimery is not entitled to and shall not receive any distribution from the joint venture; and it is

The Property

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED, that the Bank is entitled to and is hereby granted sole and exclusive possession of the Property; and it is

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED, that a warrant of eviction (the "Warrant") evicting Dimery from the Property shall issue forthwith; and it is

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED, that enforcement and execution of the Warrant shall be stayed ____ days from the date of entry of this Judgment; [until January 10, 2001; /s/ SBH/JSC] and it is

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED, that upon delivery of a certified copy of this Judgment together with an Execution, the office of the Sheriff of Putnam County is hereby authorized and directed to eject Dimery and any other person claiming any right, title and/or interest from the Property and to deliver possession of the Property to the Bank forthwith; and it is

Rent

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED, that the Bank shall recover from Dimery the amount of three hundred nineteen thousand five hundred eight dollars and twenty two cents (\$319,508.22), which sum represents rent due and owing the Bank by Dimery for the period April 1, 1991 through October 1, 2000 with respect to the Property; and it is

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED, that the accounting attached hereto as Exhibit C, which is incorporated herein, sets forth the computation of Dimery's unpaid rent to the Bank, as described in the preceding paragraph; and it is

Lakefront Parcel

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED, that Dimery is entitled to and is hereby granted sole and exclusive possession of that certain parcel of real property on South Lake Boulevard, Mahopac Falls, Putnam County, New York described and designated in Exhibit D (the "Lakefront Parcel"); and it is

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED, that the Bank shall recover from Dimery the amount of seven thousand seven hundred thirteen dollars and seventy six cents (\$7,713.76), which sum represents school and town taxes paid by the Bank with respect to the Lakefront Parcel for the period 1991 through October 1, 2000; and it is

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED, that the accounting attached hereto as Exhibit E, which is incorporated herein, sets forth the computation of the taxes paid by the Bank with respect to the Lakefront Parcel, as described in the preceding paragraph; and it is

Condemnation Proceeds

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED, that the State of New York, Department of Transportation (the "State"), shall release to the Bank the compensation payable to the Bank, which has been held in escrow by the State pending disposition of the captioned matter, as a result of the State's appropriation of a portion of the Property (Property Identification No.: 8456.06.201), which principal sum is equal to twenty eight thousand two hundred dollars (\$28,200), together with any interest; and it is

Entry of Judgment

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED, that the Clerk of the Court is directed to forthwith enter judgment in favor of the defendant Ulster Savings Bank against plaintiff Alice Laraine Dimery in accordance herewith and defendant Ulster Savings Bank have execution thereon.

Dated: Carmel, New York October 26, 2000

> /s/ S. Barrett Hickman Honorable S. Barrett Hickman, J.S.C.

So entered on October 26, 2000

/s/ Joseph F. Peloss Jr.

Ex. A - Legal Description of the Property PARCEL I

ALL THAT CERTAIN plot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Town of Carmel, County of Putnam and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a cross-cut on the seawall of the southerly shore of Lake Mahopac, said cross-cut being on the dividing line between lands now or formerly of Stroll and lands now or formerly of Keith Estate; thence, along said seawall, South 39° 32' 20" East, 49.55 feet; thence South 66° 58' 40" East, 5.63 feet; thence leaving said seawall, South 20° 56' 00" West, 32.86 feet to a point on the north side of Lake Boulevard; thence North 71° 34' 50"

West, 22.66 feet; thence North 70° 52′ 40″ West, 31.63 feet to a cross-cut on the dividing line between lands of Stroll and Keith; thence North 19° 24′ 00″ East, 34.67 feet to the point or place of beginning.

PARCEL II

ALL THAT CERTAIN plot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Town of Carmel, County of Putnam and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point on the south side of Lake Boulevard, which point is the intersection of the south side of Lake Boulevard with the dividing line between lands now or formerly of Strull and lands now or formerly of Keith Estate; continuing thence along said dividing line, South 19° 24' 00" West, 279.71 feet; thence South 71° 35' 00" East, 74.58 feet; thence North 14° 38' 10" East, 89.84 feet to a cross-cut on the face of a retaining wall; thence South 85° 15' 40" East, 43.00 feet to a stake; thence North 86° 02' 50" East, 86.91 feet to a V-cut on the top of a retaining wall on the west side of Lake Boulevard; thence, along the front of said retaining wall and along the side of Lake Boulevard, North 11° 18' 40" West, 112.64 feet; North 15° 44' 10" West, 50.30 feet; North 26° 19' 50" West, 9.83 feet; North 41° 00' 20" West, 17.97 feet; North 45° 31' 45" West, 7.67 feet; North 56° 00' 20" West, 14.11 feet; North 68° 44' 20" West, 18.79 feet; North 75° 02' 15" West, 26.10 feet; South 87° 59' 40" West, 5.14 feet; South 65° 14' 55" West, 3.39 feet; North 70° 36' 00" West, 10.70 feet to the point or place of beginning.

TOGETHER WITH right of the party of the first part in, and subject to rights, if any, of owners of adjoining land, now or formerly of Keith, to use of common driveway running along westerly dividing line between above described property and Keith property.

Ex. B - Final Joint Venture Accounting

ULSTER SAVINGS BANK DIMERY INDEBTEDNESS ACCOUNTING #1

DATE	BALANCE	DAYS	ACCRUED	ACCRUED INTEREST ADDED TO BALANCE	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	EXPENSES	BALANCE
2/16/64	0.00		0.00		0.00	CONTRACT	0.00	364,926 14	364,926.14
2/18/84 2/31/84	364,926.14 366,804.89		1,763.68	1.763.68		COMPOUND INTEREST	0.00	1.878.75	366,804.89
TOTAL 198		13	1,763.68	1,763.68	300,300.37	COMPOUND INTEREST	0.00	366,804,89	368,568.57

			0.000363863					
DATE	BALANCE	DAYS	ACCRUED	ADDED TO BALANCE	BALANCE DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS		BALANCE
1/18/85	368,568.57		2,453.76		368,568 57 DIMERY- RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1.878.751	370,447.32
1/31/85	370,447.32	13	1,781.19	4,234.95	374,682.27 COMPOUND INTEREST	0.00	0.00	374,682.27
2/15/85	374,682.27	15	2,078.72		374,682.27 RENT - PORCELLI	1,062.50	0.00	373,619.77
2/18/85	373,619.77	3	414.56		373,619.77 DIMERY-RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1.878.75	375,498.52
2/20/85	375,498.52	2	277.77		375,498.52 RENT - BAY	2,850.00	0.00	372,648 52
2/28/85	372,648.52		1,102.63	3,873.68	376,522.20 COMPOUND INTEREST	0.00	0.00	375,522.20
3/15/85	376,522.20		2,088.92		376,522.20 LAURENT PC-STMT #1 (ENGINEER)	0.00	3,464.60	379,986.80
3/18/95	379,966.60		421.63		379,986.80 DIMERY- RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	381,855.55
3/19/85	381.865.55		141.24		381.865.55 RENT - PORCELLI	425.00	0.00	381,440.55
3/22/85	381,440.55	3	423.24		381,440.55 RENT - BAY	950.00	0.00	380,490.55
3/31/85	380,490.55	9	1,266.55	4,341.60	384,832.14 COMPOUND INTEREST	0.00	0.00	384,832.14
4/18/85	384,832.14	18	2,562.03		384,832.14 DIMERY-RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	386,710.89
4/29/85	386,710.89	11	1,573.33		386,710.89 RENT - PORCELU	399.00	0.00	386,311.89
4/29/85	386,311.89	0	0.00		386,311.89 RENT - BAY	950.00	0.00	385,361.89
4/30/85	385,361.89	1	142.53	4,277.89	389,639.79 COMPOUND INTEREST	0.00	0.00	369,639.79
5/9/85	389,639.79		1,297.02		389,639.79 LAURENT PC-STMT N2 (ENGINEER)	0.00	1.385 60	391,025.39
5/13/85	391,025.39	4	578.50		391,025.39 TAXES - 85	0.00	1,490 56	392,515,95
5/13/85	392,515.05	0	0.00		392,515 95 TAXES - 85	0.00	173.17	392,689.12
5/13/85	392,689.12	0	0.00		392,689.12 PLUMBER	0.00	523.50	393,212.62
5/17/85	393,212.62	4	581.74		393,212.62 RENT - BAY	950.00	0.00	392,262.62
5/18/85	392,262.62	2	145.08		392,262.62 DIMERY-RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	394,141.37
5/20/85	394,141.37	2	291.56		394,141.37 RENT - PORCELLI	425 00	0.00	393,716.37
5/31/85	393,716.37	11	1,601.83	4,495.73	398,212 10 COMPOUND INTEREST	0 00	0.00	398,212.10
6/15/85	398,212.10	18	2,651.11		398,212.10 DIMERY-RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	400,090.85
6/20/85	400,090.85	2	295.96		400.090.85 RENT PORCELLI	425.00	0.00	399,665.85
6/30/85	399.665.85	10	1,478.22	4,425.28	404,091.14 COMPOUND INTEREST	0.00	0.00	404.091.14

JOINT VENTURE ACCOUNTING 12/18/84 - 10/1/00

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DATE	BALANCE	# OF	ACCRUED	ACCRUED INTEREST	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	EXPENSES	BALANCE
7/15/85	404,091.14	15	2,241.88	The state of the s	William Towns Towns	RENT - BAY	950.00	0.00	403,141,14
7/18/85	403,141.14	3	447.32			DIMERY-RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	405,019.89
7/31/85	405,019.89	13	1,947.42	4,636.62	409,656.51	COMPOUND INTEREST	0.00	0.00	409,656.51
8/1/85	409,656.51	1	151.52		409,656.51	RENT - BAY	950 00	0.00	408,706.51
8/18/85	408,706.51	17	2,569.81		408,706.51	DIMERY-RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	751.56	409,458.07
8/31/85	409,458.07	13	1,968.76		409,458,07	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	409,458.07
9/5/85	409,458.07	5	757.22		409,458.07	RENT - PORCELLI	425.00	0.00	409,033.07
9/11/85	409,033.07	6	907.72			TOWN OF CARMEL	0.00	625.00	409,658.07
9/26/85	409,658.07	15	2,272.76			RENT - PORCELLI	425.00	0.00	409,233.07
9/30/85	409,233.07	4	605.44			SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	409,233.07
10/1/85	409,233.07	1	151.36			SCHOOL TAX - 85	0.00	3,004.30	412,237.37
10/1/85	412,237.37	0	0.00			SCHOOL TAX - 85	0.00	504.80	412,742.17
10/4/85	412,742.17	3	457.97			LAURENT PC-STMT #5(ENGINEER)	0.00	4,377.60	417,119.77
10/4/85	417,119.77	0	0.00			DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	50.00	0.00	417,069.77
10/31/85	417,069.77	27	4,164.98			SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	417,069.77
11/6/85	417,069.77	6	925.55			DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	500.00	0.00	416,559.77
11/30/85	416,569.77	24	3,697.77			SIMPLE INTEREST	0 00	0.00	416,569.77
12/10/85	416,569.77	10:	1,540.74			DIN ERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	50.00	0.00	416,519.77
12/18/85	416,519.77	8	1,232.44			DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	50.00	0.00	416,469.77
12/26/85	416,469.77	8	1,232.29			DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	375 00	0.00	416,094.77
12/27/85	416,094.77	1,	153.90			LAURENT P.C.(ENGINEER)	0.00	4,754.10	420,848.87
12/31/85	420,848.87	4	622 63		420,848.87	RENT - PORCELLI	1,275 00	0.00	419,573.87
TOTAL 1985		365	53,698.63	30,285.76			13,486.50	34,206.04	419,573.87

CUMULATIVE TOTAL TO DATE

55,462.30

32,049.44

13,486.50 401,010.93 442,986.73

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DATE	BALANCE	# OF	ACCRUED	ACCRUED INTEREST ADDED TO BALANCE	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	EXPENSES	BALANCE
1/6/86	419,573.67	6	931.11			RENT - BAY	3,800.001	0.001	415,773.87
1/29/86	415,773.87	23	3,536.93			TOWN TAX - 86	0.00	244.01	416,017.88
1/29/86	416,017.88	0	0.00		416,017.68	TOWN TAX - 86	0.00	1,354.90	417,372.78
1/30/86	417,372.78	1 1	154.37		417,372.78	LAURENT PC-STMT #9(ENGINEER)	0.00	2.062.00	419,434.78
1/31/86	419,434.78	1	155.13		419,434.78	RENT - PORCELLI	67.50	0.00	419,367.28
2/24/86	419,367.28	24	3,722.60		419,367.28	RENT - PORCELLI	425.00	0.00	418,942.28
2/28/86	418,942.28	4	619.80		418,942.28	ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	418,942.28
3/17/86	418,942.28	17	2,634.17			RENT - BAY	950.00	0.00	417,992.28
3/19/86	417,992.28	2	309.20		417,992.28	RENT - PORCELLI	425.00	0.00	417,567.28
3/24/86	417,567.28	5	772.21			DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	120.00	0.00	417,447.28
3/28/86	417,447.28	4	617.59		417,447.28	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	3/8.73	0,00	417,068.55
3/31/86	417,068.55	3	462.77		417,068.55	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	417,068.55
4/4/86	417,068.55	4	617.03		417,068.55	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	200.00	0.00	416,868.55
4/24/86	416.868.55	20	3,083.69			RENT - PORCELLI	425.00	0.00	416,443,55
4/25/86	416,443.55	1	154.03		416,443.55	LAURENT PC-STMT #10(ENGINEER)	0.00	796.00	417,239.55
4/30/86	417,239.55	5	771.61			SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	417,239.55
5/1/86	417,239.55	1 1	154.32		417,239.55	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	120.00	0.00	417,119.55
5/13/86	417,119.55	12	1,851.33		417,119.55	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	658.91	0.00	416,460.64
5/15/86	416,460.64	2	308.07		416,460.64	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	150.00	0.00	416,310.64
5/16/86	416,310.64	1	153.98		416,310.64	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	1,623.29	0.00	414,687.35
5/20/86	414,687.35	4	613.51		414,687.35	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET FXP	131.85	0.00	414,555.50
5/20/86	414,555.50	0	0.00		414,556.50	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	649.50	0.00	413,906.00
5/26/86	413,906.00	6	918.53		413,906.00	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	1,110.25	0.00	412,795.75
5/31/86	412,795.75	5	763.39		412,795.75	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	412,795.75
6/2/86	412,795.75	2	305.36		412,795.75	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	240.00	0.00	412,555.75
6/13/86	412,555.75	11	1,678.48		412,555.75	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	1,728.32	0.00	410,827.43
6/17/86	410,827.43	4	607.80		410,827.43	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	673.00	0.00	410,154,43
6/20/86	410,154.43	3	455.10		410,154.43	RENT - PORCELLI	425.00	0.00	409,729.43
6/23/86	409,729.43	3	454.63		409,729.43	TOWN TAX - 83 #1	0.00	1.672.84	411,402,27
6/23/86	411,402.27	0	0.00		411,402.27	TOWN TAX - 84 #1	0.00	6,583.80	417.986.07
6/23/86	417,986.07	0	0.00		417,986.07	TOWN TAX - 85 #1	9.33	5,989.20	423,964.94
6/23/86	423,964.94	0	0.00		423,964.94	TOWN TAX - 86 #1	10.32	5,488.67	429,443.29
6/26/86	429,443.29	3	475.51			DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET LYP	30.00	0.00	429,413.29
6/26/86	429,413.29	0	0.00			DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET LYP	1.768.50	0.00	427.644.79
6/30/86	427,644,79		632.68			SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	427,644.79

CUMULATIVE TOTAL TO DATE 115,907.71

JOINT VENTURE ACCOUNTING 12/18/84 - 10/1/00

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		# OF	ACCRUED	ACCRUED INTEREST	43.446.46	The state of the s	Comment of the	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	100
DATE	BALANCE	DAYS	INTEREST	ADDED TO BALANCE	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	EXPENSES	BALANCE
7/29/86	427,644.79	29	4,586.93			RENT - PORCELLI	425.00	0.00	427,219.79
7/31/86	427,219.79	2	316.03	56,231.75		SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	483,451.54
8/20/86	483,451.54	20	3,576.22	1		DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	85.74	0.00	483,365.80
8/20/86	483,365.80	0	0.00			DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	183.72	0.00	483,182.08
8/20/86	483,182.08	0	0.00		483,182.08	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	170.66	0.00	483,011.42
8/20/86	483,011.42	0	0.00		483,011.42	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	115.48	0.00	482,895.94
8/20/86	482,895.94	0	0.00		482,895.94	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	112.91	0.00	482,783.03
8/20/86	482,783.03	0	0.00		482,783.03	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	167.90	0.00	482,615.13
8/20/86	482,615.13	0	0.00		482,615.13	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	265.62	0.00	482,349.51
8/25/86	482,349.51	5	892.02		482,349.51	RENT - PORCELLI	425.00	0.00	481,924.51
8/31/86	481,924.51	6	1,069.48		481,924.51	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	481,924.51
9/10/86	481,924.51	10	1,782.46		481,924.51	LAURENT PC(ENGINEER)	0.00	897.85	482,822.38
9/23/86	482,822.36	13	2,321.52		482,822.36	RENT - PORCELLI	425.00	0.00	482,397.36
9/30/86	482,397.36	7	1,248.95		482,397.36	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	482,397.30
10/17/86	482,397.36	17	3,033.16		482,397.36	LAURENT PC-STMT #14(ENGINEER)	0.00	2,066.00	484,463.36
10/28/86	484,463.36	11	1,971.04			SCHOOL TAX - 86	0.00	524.22	484,987.58
10/28/86	484,987.58	0	0.00		484,987.58	SCHOOL TAX - 86	0.00	3,119.94	488,107.52
10/28/86	488,107.52	0)	0.00		488,107.52	SCHOOL TAX - 86	0.00	3,464.65	491,572.17
10/31/86	491,572.17	3	545.44		491,572.17	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	491,572.17
11/7/86	491,572.17	7	1,272.70		491,572,17	LAURENT PC-STMT #15(ENGINEER)	0.00	2,684.00	494,256.17
11/14/86	494,256.17	7,	1,279.65	1		GORR ASSOC (SURVEYOR)	0.00	1,396 44	495,652,61
11/21/86	495,652.61	71	1,283,26			LAURENT PC-STMT #16(ENGINEER)	0.00	1,142.00	496,794.61
11/30/86	496,794.61	9	1,653,71			SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	496,794.61
12/30/86	496,794.61	30	5.512.38		496,794.61	LAURENT PC-STMT #17(ENGINEER)	0.00	2,166.00	498,950.61
12/31/86	498,960.61	1	184.55		498,960.61		0.00	0.00	498,960.61
TOTAL 1986	6	365	60,445.40	56,231.75			18,496.53	41,651.52	498,960.61

88,281.19

31,983.03 442,662.45 526,567.13

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DATE	BALANCE	# OF DAYS	ACCRUED INTEREST	ACCRUED INTEREST	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	EXPENSES	BALANCE
1/5/87	498,960.61	5	922.74		498,960.61	CARMEL (REC FEE)	0.00	4,500.00	503,460.61
1/8/87	503,460.61	3	558.63		503,460.61	RENT - PORCELLI	1,275.00	0.00	502,185.61
1/27/87	502,185.61	19	3.529.06		502,185.61	RENT - PORCELLI	425.00	0.00	501,760.61
1/31/87	501,760.61	4	742.33		501,760.61	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	501,760.61
2/17/87	501,760.61	17	3,154.91		501,760.61	GORR ASSOC (SURVEYOR)	0.00	475.00	502,235.61
2/17/87	502,235.61	0	0.00		502,235.61	DE ASSOC (SITE DESIGN ARCHITEC	0.00	1,970.00	504,205.61
2/20/87	504,205.51	3	559.46		504,205.61	RENT - PORCELLI	425.00	0.00	503,780.61
2/28/87	503,780.61	8	1,490.64		503,780.61	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	503,780.61
3/2/87	503,780.51	2	372.66		503,780.61	DIMERY'S WETLANDS FINE	0.00	2,000.00	505,780.61
3/2/97	505,780.61	0	0.00		505,780.61	LAURENT PC-STMT #18(ENGINEER)	0.00	3,367.00	509,147.61
204/62	509,147.61	22	4,142.93		509,147.61	RENT - PORCELLI	425.00	0.00	508,722.61
1/2000	508,722.61	3	188.16		508,722.61	CARMEL (REC FEE)	0.00	1,500.00	510,222.61
Marvat	510,222.61	2	377.42		510,222.61	TOM PETRO PLUMBING	0.00	3,950.00	514,172.61
3/34687	514,172.61	4	760.69		514,172.61	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	514,172.61
10/87	514,172.61	2	3/90.35		514,172.61	LAURENT PC-STMT #19(ENGINEER)	0.00	1,398.00	515,570.61
4/30/87	515,570.61	28	5,339.33		515,570.61	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	515,570.61
5/20/87	515,570 61	20	3,813.81		515,570.61	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	80.04	0.00	515,490.57
5/31/87	515,490.57	11	2.097.27		515,490.57	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	515,490.57
6/1/87	515,490.57	1	190.66		515,490.57	WOLLER ROOFING	0.00	200.00	515,690.57
6/1/87	515,690.57	0	0.00		515,690.57	MEWINGS NURSERY	0.00	500.35	516,190.92
5/1/87	516,190.92	0	0.00		516,190.92	TOM PETRO PLUMBING	0.00	5,160.51	521,351.43
8/8/87	521,351.43	7	1,349.80		521,351.43	CARMEL - REC FEE	0.00	5,000.00	526,351.43
8/8/87	526,351.43	0	0.00		526,351.43	LAURENT PC-STMT #20(ENGINEER)	0.00	1,230 00	527,581,43
5/9/87	527,581 43	1	195.13		527,581.43	CARMEL	0.00	7,875.00	535,456,43
3/9/87	535,456.43	0	0.00			LOMA CONTRACT	375,000.00	0.00	160,456,43
5/29/87	160,456.43	20	1,186.94		160,456.43	RESTORATION PLUSIDEBRIS REMO	0.00	185 00	160,641.43
W29/87	160,641.43	0	0.00		160,641.43	HANDY RENT ALL(EXCAVATOR)	0.00	758 24	161,399.67
6/29/87	161,399 67	0	0.00		161,399.67	PUTNAM COUNTY DOH	0.00	500 00	161,899.67
6/30/87	161,899 67	1	59.88		161,899.67	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	161,899,67

CUMULATIVE TOTAL TO DATE

163,673.03

JOINT VENTURE ACCOUNTING 12/18/84 - 10/1/00

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DATE	BALANCE	DAYS	INTEREST	ADDED TO BALANCE	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	EXPENSES	BALANCE
7/3/87	161,899.67	3	179.64		161,899.67	MARSHALL & STERLING (BOND)	0.00	3.780.00	165,679.67
7/6/87	165,679.67	3	183.84			ROBERT SCUDERI(LAWN MAINT)	0.00	250.00	165,929.67
7/24/87	165,929.67	18	1,104.68			LAURENT PC-STMT #22(ENGINEER)	0.00	3,548.50	169,478.17
7/31/87	169,478.17	7	438.79	60,946.27		SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	230,424.43
8/6/87	230,424.43	6	511.35			ROBERT SCUDERI(LAWN MAINT)	0.00	120.00	230,544.43
8/6/87	230,544.43	0	0.00			ALL COUNTY PAINTING	0.00	2,700.00	233,244.43
8/10/87	233,244.43	4	345.07			TOWN OF CARMEL	0.00	10,350.00	243,594.43
8/10/87	243,594.43	0	0.00		243,594.43	ALL COUNTY PAINTING	0.00	3.065.00	246,659.43
8/17/87	246,659.43	7	638.61		246,659.43	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	106.02	0.00	246,553.41
8/17/87	246,553.41	0	0.00		246,553.41	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	103.68	0.00	246,449.73
8/18/87	246,449.73	1	91.15		246,449.73	MARSHALL & STERLING	0.00	4,968.00	251,417.73
8/31/87	251,417.73	13	1,208.87		251,417.73	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	251,417.73
9/29/87	251,417.73	29	2,696.71		251,417.73	GORR. ASSOC.	0.00	400.00	251,817.73
9/29/87	251,817.73	0	0.00		251,817.73	RESTORATION PLUS	0.00	495.00	252,312,73
9/29/87	252,312.73	0	0.00		252,312.73	ROBERT SCODERI	0.00	120.00	252,432.73
9/30/87	252,432.73	1	93.37		252,432.73	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	252,432.73
10/7/87	252,432.73	7	653.56		252,432.73	SCHOOL TAX - 87	0.00	3,307.98	255,740.71
10/7/87	255,740.71	0	0.00		255,740.71	SCHOOL TAX - 87	0.00	3,673.47	259,414.18
10/7/87	259,414.18	0	0.00		259,414.18	SCHOOL TAX - 87	0.00	555.82	259,970.00
10/30/87	259,970.00	23	2,211.53		259.970.00	ROBERT SCUDERI	0.00	180.00	260,150.00
10/31/87	260,150.00	1	96.22		260,150.00	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	260,150.00
11/16/87	260,150.00	16	1,539.52		260,150.00	DIMERY - REIMBURSEMENT	0.00	199.90	260,349.90
11/30/87	260,349.90	14	1,348.11		260,349.90	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	260,349.90
12/11/87	260,349.90	11	1,059.23		260,349.90	LAURENT P.C STMT #23	0.00	3,568.00	263,917.90
12/31/87	263,917.90	20	1,952.27		263,917.90	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	263,917.90
TOTAL 198	87	365	47,765.32	60,946.27			377,839.74	81,850.77	263,917.90

409,822.77 524,513.22 278,363.48

149,227.45

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DATE		AOF.		DOED TO BALANCE BALANCE DESCRIPTION RECEIPTS EXPENSES	
1/6/98	263,917.90!	61	585.68	263,917.90 HOME OWNERS PETRO 0.00 895	5 254,813.85
1/12/98	264,813.85		567.67	2(4,613 85 TOWN TAX - 68 0 0 0 1,406	
1/12/00	286,220.00	0	0.00	268,220.09 TOWN TAX - 88 0.00 1.471	
1/12/88	267,691.85	0	0.00	267,691,85 TOWN TAX 88 0.00 252	0 267,944.25
1/31/88	267,944.25	19	1,882.05	267,944.25 SIMPLE INTEREST 0 00 0	267,944.25
2/29/88	267,944.25	29	2,873.98	267,944.25 SIMPLE INTEREST 0 00 0	267,944.25
3/31/88	267,944.25	31	3,072.18	267.944.25 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 0	267,944.25
1/30/88	267,944 25	30	2,973.08	267.944.25 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 0	267,944.25
5/23/68	257,944.25	23	2,279.36	267,944.25 ROBERT SCUDERT 0.00 100	268,044.25
5/23/88	268,044 25	0	0.00	268.044.25 AMFR APPL REPAIR 0.00 74	268,118.63
5/25/99	268,118.63	2	198.33	268 118.63 OURIEN ELECTRIC 0.00 65	268,183 63
5/26/88	268,183.63	8	99.19		268,133.63
5/27/88	268,133.63	1	99.17	269,133 63 DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP 33.03 0	268,100.60
5/27/88	268,100.60	61	0.00	268.100.60 DIMERY - OUT DE POCKET EXP 32.291 0	268.068.31
1/27/RB ·	268,068.31	0	0.00	268.068.31 BRENNAN - DEMO 0.00 1,125	269,193.31
5/27/88	269,193.31	0	0.00	269,193.31 DIMERY MOWING 0.00 60	269.253.31
5/27/66	269,253.31	0	0.00	269,253.31 MAHOPAC GLASS 0.00 417.	209.570.62
5/31/88	269,670.62	4	398.96		269,570.62
6/13/86	269,670 02	13	1,296.64	269,670 62 BRENNAN - DEMO 0.00 1,425	
0/13/88	271,095.62	0	0.00	271,095.62 ROBERT SCUDERS 0.00 100.	271,195.62
6/30/88	271,195 62	17	1,705.19	271,195.62 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 0.	271,195.62

202,995 95

ULSTER SAVINGS BANK DIMERY INDEBTEDNESS ACCOUNTING #1

CUMULATIVE TOTAL TO DATE

JOINT VENTURE ACCOUNTING 12/18/84 - 10/1/00

CATE	Barrens 3	# OF	0.000369863 ACCRUED	ACCRUED INTEREST	No Stead of	Control with the first	The Division of	Specific trees to be	H500, \$40
DATE	BALANCE	DATS	INTEREST	ADDED, TO BALANCE	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	EXPENSES	BALANCE:
731/88	271,195.62	31	3,109.46	35,607.43	306,803.05	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	306,803.05
/19/88	306,803.05	19	2,156.03			DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	33.90	0.00	306,769.15
/19/88-	306,769.15	0	0.00	1	306,769.15	DIMERY - OUT OF POCKET EXP	33.22	0.00	306,735.93
/26/88	306,735.93	7	794.15	1	306,735.93	MARSHALL & STERLING	0.00	8,748.00	315,483.93
/30/88	315,483.93	4	466.74	1	315,483.93	ROBERT SCUDERI	0.00	240.00	315,723.93
/31/88	315,723.93	1	116.77		315,723.93	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	315,723.93
16/88	315,723.93	16	1,858.39	1	315,723.93	ROBERT SCUDERI	0.00	240.00	315,963.93
/20/88	315,963.93	4	457.45		315,963.93	SCHOOL TAX - 88	0.00	2,553.37	318,517.30
720/88	318,517.30	0	0.00			SCHOOL TAX - 88	0.00	3.482.52	321,999.83
20/56	321,999.82	0	0.00	1		SCHOOL TAX - 88	0.00	2,220.02	324,219.8
20/88	324,219.84	0	0.00		324,219.84	SCHOOL TAX - 88	0.00	585.15	324,804.9
0/24/88	324,804.99	34	4,084.53			PEOPLES OIL	0.00	721.17	325,526.1
V24/88	325,526.16	0	0.00			ROBERT SCUDERI	0.00	120.00	325,646.11
W31/88	325,646.16	7	843.11		325,646.16		0.00	120.00	325,766.11
1/30/88	325,766.16	30	3,614,67		325,766.16		0.00	0.00	325,766.1
2/5/88	325,766.16	5	602.44			RYAN INS - HAZARD	0.00	1,462 00	327,228.1
2/31/88	327,228.16	26	3,146,77			SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	327,228.1
CTAL 19	88	366	39,322.92	35,607.43			182 44	27,885.27	327,228.16

184,834.88

410,005.21 552,398.49 345,389.23

JOINT VENTURE ACCOUNTING 12/18/84 - 10/1/00

0.000369863 ACCRUED ACCRUED INTEREST CELLIAN. DATE ADDED TO BALANCE BALANCE BALANCE DAYS INTEREST DESCRIPTION RECEIPTS EXPENSES ... BALANCE 1/20/89 327,228.16 20 2,420.59 327,228,16 TOWN TAX - 89 0.00 1,632.65 328,860.81 1/20/89 328,860,81 0 0.00 328,860.81 TOWN TAX - 89 0.00 987.41 329.848 22 1/20/89 329,848.22 0 0.00 329,848.22 TOWN TAX - 89 0.00 293.53 330,141.75 1/20/89 330,141.75 (0) 0.00 330.141.75 TOWN TAX - 89 0.00 1,135.69 331,277.44 1/31/09 331,277.44 8.8 1,347.80 331,277.44 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 0.00 331,277.44 2/28/89 331,277.44 26 3,430.76 331,277,44 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 0.00 331,277.44 331,277.44 3/6/89 735.16 331,277,44 DYNAMIC FUEL 0.00 782.81 332,060.25 3/31/89 332,060.25 The same 3,070,42 332,060.25 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 0.00 332,060.25 4/30/89 332,060.23 196 3.684.50 332,060.25 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 0.00 332,060.25 5/31/89 Jun. 332,060.25 3,807.32 332,060.25 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 332,060.25 6/5/89 332,060.25 614.08 332,060.25 ROBERT SCUDERI 0.00 240.00 332,300.25 6/20/89 332,300 25 15 1,843.58 332,300.25 MAHOPAC GLASS 0.00 230.59 332,530.84 6/26/89 332,530 84 737.95 332,530.84 WOLLER ROOFING 0.00 1,500.00 334,030.84 5/28/89 334,030.84 2 247.09 334,030.84 ROBERT SCUDERI 0.00 120.00 334,150 84 6/28/89 334,150.84 0 0.00 334,150.84 READY PAINTERS 0.00 427.00 334,577.84 6/30/89 334,577.84 247.50 334,577.84 MARSHALL & STERLING 0.00 2,484.00 337,061.84

DATE	BALANCE	DAYS	ACCRUED	ACCRUED INTEREST	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	200	PECEIPTS	EXPENSES	BALANCE
7/13/89	337,061.84	13	1,620.67	- NOULE TO BREATOET		ROBERT SCUDERI	1.00 Jan. 10	0.00	120.00	337,181.84
7/31/89	337,181.84	18	2,244.80	44,213.30		SIMPLE INTEREST	-	0.00		381,395.1
V11/89	381,395.14	11	1,551.70			ROBERT SCUDERI		0.00	240.00	361,635.14
V25/89	381,635.14	14	1,976.14		381,635.14	BEE & JAY PLUMBING		0.00	850.00	382,485.14
/15/89	382,485.14	21	2,970.81		382,485.14	SCHOOL TAX - 89		0.00	3,692.13	386,177.27
/15/89	386,177.27	0	0.00		386,177.27	SCHOOL TAX - 89		0.00	2,353.64	388,530,9
/15/89	388,530.91	0	0.00		388,530.91	SCHOOL TAX - 89		0.00	620.37	389,151.20
/15/89	389,151.28	0	0.00		389,151.28	SCHOOL TAX - 89		0.00	2,707.10	391,858.30
/30/89	391,858.38	15	2,174.01		391,858.38	SIMPLE INTEREST		0.00	0.00	391,858.36
0/31/89	391,858.38	31	4,492.95		391,858.38	SIMPLE INTEREST		0.00	0.00	391,858.38
1/30/85	391,858.38	30	4,348.02		391,858.38	SIMPLE INTEREST		0 00	0.00	391,858.36
2/1/89	391,658.38	1	144.93		391,858.38	LOMA - UNRECEIVED MON	IES	0.00	187,500.00	579,358.36
2/13/89	579,358.38	12	2,571.40			BROKER FEE		0.00	13,740.00	593,098.38
2/13/89	593.098.38	0	0.00		593,098.38	SALE OF HOUSE - LOT 1		228,084.00	0.00	365,014.38
12/31/89	365,014.38	18	2,430.10		365,014.38	SIMPLE INTEREST		0.00	0.00	365,014.38
OTAL 1989		365	48,712.29	44,213.30		1		228,084.00	221,656.92	365,014.38
CUMULATIV	E TOTAL TO D	ATE	251,708.24	229,048.18				638.089.21	774,055.41	387,674.4

	365,014.38	401							
1/10/90	366,843.08	10	1,350.05	1		TOWN TAX - 90	0.00	1,828.70	366,843.08
/10/90	367,169.58	0	0.00	1	366,843.08	TOWN TAX - 90	0.00	326.50	367,169.58
1/31/90		0	0.00	1		Employee and the second	0.00	1,024.43	368,194.0
228/90	368,194.01	21	2,859.81			SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	368,194.0
V31/90		28	3,813.08			SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	368,194.01
/30/90	388,194.01	31	4,221.62				0.00		368,194.01
V31/90	368,194.01 368,194.01	30	4,085.44			SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	368,194.01
/30/90		31	4.221.62		368,194.01	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	368,194.01
/31/90	368,194.01	30	4.085.44	******		SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	368,194.01
/18/90	368,194.01	31	4,227.62	51,518.74		SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	419,712.75
V31/90	419,712.75	18	2,794.25			SALE - LOT 4	59,757.00	0.00	359,955.75
/26/90	359,955.75	13	1,730.75	1		SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	359,955.75
V26/9G	359,955.75	26	3,461.49			SCHOOL TAX - 90	0.00	3,934.69	363,890.44
V26/90	363,890.44	0	0.00			SCHOOL TAX - 90	0.00	454.77	364,345.21
V30/90	364,345.21	0	0.00	1		SCHOOL TAX - 90	0.00	2,311.93	366,657.14
	366,657.14	4	542.45	1		SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	366,657.14
0/31/90	366,657.14	31	4.204.00			SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	366,657.14
1/30/90	366,657.14	30	4,068.39			SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	366,657.14
2/31/90	366,657.14	31	4.204.00		366,657.14	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	366,657.14
OTAL 1990		365	49,864.01	51,518.74			59,757 00	9,881.02	366,657.14

Trame state and the state of	PALANCE	DAYS	ACCRUED AC	DED TO BALANCE	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	EXPENSES	BALANCE
/18/91	366,657.14	18	2,441.03	1	366,657,14	TOWN TAX - 91	0.001	2,003.16	368,660.
/18/91	368,660.30	0	0.00		368,660.30		0.00	244.76	368,905
/18/91	368,905.08	0	0.00	1	368,905.08	TOWN TAX - 91	0.00	1,005.72	369,910.
31/91	369,910.80	13	1,778.61		369,910.80	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	069,910.
28/91	369,910.80	28	3.830.86		369,910.80	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	369,910
26/91	369,910.80	26	3,557.22	1	369,910.80	SALE - BAL OF SUBDIV LOTS 5-11	268,914.00	0.00	100,996
31/91	100,990.80	5	186.77		100.996.80	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	100,996
30/91	100,995.80	30	1,120.65		100,996 80	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	100,996
31/91	100,996.60	31	1,156.00		100,996.60	SIMPLE INTERESY	0.00	0.00	100,996
30/91	160,996 80	30	1,120.65		100,996 80	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	100,996
31/91	100,996.80	31	1,158.00	37,357.14	138,353.91	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	136,353
31/91	138,353.94	31	1,586.33		138,353.94	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	138,353
30/91	138,353.94	30	1,535.16		138,353.94	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	136,353
0/31/91	136,353.94	31	1,566.33	1	138,353.94	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	138,353
1/30/91	136,353.94	30	1,535.16		138,353.94	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	138,353
2/31/91	138,353.94	311	1,586,33		138,353.94	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	136,353
OTAL 1991		365	24,181,12	37,357.14			268,914.00	3,253.66	138,353

DATE		DAYS		RUED INTEREST	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	PECEIDTS	EXPENSES	BALANCE
1/31/92	138,353.04	31	1,586.33	The state of the s	438 353 04	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	138,353.94
2/29/02	138,353.94	29	1,483.99		138,353.94	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	138,353.9
3/31/92	138,353.94	31	1,586.33		138,353.94	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	138,353.94
4/30/92	138,353.94	30	1,535.16		138,353.94	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	20,353.9
5/31/92	138,353.94	31	1,586.33		138,353.94		0.00	0.00	138,353.9
6/30/92	138,353.94	30	1,535.16		138,353.94	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	138,353.94
7/31/92	138,353.94	31	1,586.33	18,728.95	157,082.89	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	157,082.89
8/31/92	157,082.89	31	1,801.07		157,082.89	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	157,082.8
9/30/92	157,082.89	30	1,742.97		157,082.89	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	157.062.8
10/31/92	167,082.89	31	1,801.07		157,082.89		0.00	0.00	157,082.6
11/30/92	157,082.89	30	1,742.97	1	157,082.89	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	157,082.8
12/31/92	157,082.89	31	1,801.07		157,082.89	SIMPLE INTERFST	0.00	0.00	157,082.89
TOTAL 1992		366	19,788.81	18,728.95			0.00	0.00	157,082.89
CUMULATIVE	TOTAL TO DA	ATE	345,542.18	336,653.01			966,760,21	787,190.09	165,972.06

			0 000369863						
DATE	BALANCE	DAYS	INTEREST	ACCRUED INTEREST, ADDED TO BALANCE	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	EXPENSES	BALANCE
1/31/93	157,082.89	31	1,801.07	1	157,082.89	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	157,082.8
2/28/93	157,082.89	28	1,626.78		157,082.89	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	157,082.8
3/31/93	157,082.89	31	1,801.07	1	157,082.89	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	157,062.8
4/30/93	157,082.89	30	1,742.97		157,082.89	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	157,082.8
5/31/93	157,082.89	31	1,801.07		157,082.89	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	157,082.8
6/30/93	157,082.89	30	1,742.97		157,082.89	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	157,082.8
7/31/93	157,082.89	31	1,801.07	21,206.19	178,289.08	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	178,289 0
8/31/93	178,289.08	31	2,044.22		178,289.08	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.001	178,289 0
9/30/93	178,289.08	30	1,978.28	1	178,289.08	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	178,289.0
10/31/93	178,289.08	31	2,044.22	1	178,289.08	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	178,289.0
11/30/93	178,289.08	30	1.978.28	- 1	178,289.08	SIMPLE INTEREST	0:00	0.00	178,289.00
12/31/93	178,289.08	31	2.044.22		178,289.08	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	178,289.00
TOTAL 19	03	365	22,406.23	21,206.19			0.00	0.00	178,289.00
CUMULAT	TIVE TOTAL TO DA	ATE	367,948.41	357,859.20			966,760.21	787,190.09	188,378.29

JOINT VENTURE ACCOUNTING 12/18/84 - 10/1/00

0.000369863 # OF ACCRUED ACCRUED INTEREST DATE BALANCE DAYS INTEREST ADDED TO BALANCE BALANCE. DESCRIPTION RECEIPTS EXPENSES BALANCE 1/31/94 178,289.08 2,044,22 178,289.08 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 0.00 178,289,08 2/28/94 178,289.08 28 1,846.39 1/8,289.08 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 0.00 178,289.08 3/31/94 178,289.08 31 2.044.22 178,289.08 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 0.00 178,289.08 4/30/94 178,289.08 30 1.978.28 178,289.08 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 0.00 178,289.08 5/31/94 178,289.08 31 2.044.22 178,289 08 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 0.00 178,289.08 6/30/94 178,289.08 30 1,978.28 178,289.08 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 0 00 178,289.08 7/31/94 178,289.08 31 2,044.22 202,358.11 SIMPLE INTEREST 24.069 03 0.00 0.00 202,358.11 8/31/94 202,358.11 31 2,320.19 202,358.11 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 0.00 202,358.11 9/30/94 202,358.11 30 2,245.34 202,358.11 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 0.00 202,358.11 10/31/94 202,358.11 31 2,320.19 202,358.11 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 0.00 202,358.11 11/30/94 202,358.11 30 2.245.34 202,358.11 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 0.00 202,358.11 12/31/94 202,358.11 31 2,320.19 202,358.11 SIMPLE INTEREST 0.00 0.00 202,358,11 **TOTAL 1994** 365 25,431.07 24,069.03 0.00 0.00 202,358.11 CUMULATIVE TOTAL TO DATE 393,379.48 381,928.23 966,760.21 787,190.09 213,809.36

			0.000369863						
DATE	BALANCE	DAYS	ACCRUED INTEREST.	ACCRUED INTEREST ADDED TO BALANCE	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	EXPENSES	BALANCE
1/31/95	202,358.11	31	2,320.19	1	202,358.11	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.001	0.00	202,358.11
2/28/95	202,358.11	26	2,095.65	1	202,358.11	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	202,358.11
3/31/95	202,358.11	31	2,320.19		202,358.11	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.001	0.00	202,358.11
4/30/95	202,358.11	30	2,245.34	1	202,358.11	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	202,358.11
5/31/95	202,358.11	31	2,320.19		202,358.11	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	202,358.11
6/30/95	202,358.11	30	2,245.34		202,358.11	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	202,358.11
7/31/95	202,358.11	31	2,320.19	27,318.34	229,676.45	SIMPLE INTERFST	0.00	0.00	229,676.45
8/31/95	229,676.45	31/	2.633.41		229,676.45	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	229,676.45
9/30/95	229,676.45	30	2,548 46		229,676,45	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	229,676.45
10/31/95	229,676.45	31	2,633.41		229,676,45	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	229,676.45
11/30/95	229,676.45	30	2,548.46		229,676.45	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	229,676.45
12/31/95	229,676.45	31	2,633.41	1	229,676,45	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	229,676.45
TOTAL 1	995	365	28,864.26	27,318.34			0.00	0.00	229,676.45
CUMULA	TIVE TOTAL TO DA	ATE	422,243.74	409,246.57			966,760.21	787,190.09	242,673.62

25 1.0998 N		# OF	0.000369863	On the service of the					
DATE	BALANCE	DAYS	A CALL STREET,	DED TO BALANCE	BALANCE .	DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	EXPENSES	BALANCE
1/31/96 2/29/96	229,676.45 229,676.45	31	2,633.41	1		SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	229,676.45
3/31/96 4/30/96	229,676.45 229,676.45	31	2,633.41 2,548.46		229,676.45	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	229,676.49 229,676.49 229,676.49
5/31/96 6/30/96	229,676.45 229,676.45	31	2,633.41 2,548.46		229,676.45	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	229,676.4 229,676.4
7/31/96 8/31/96	229,676.45 260,767.72	31	2,633.41	31,091.27		SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	260,767.7 260,767.7
9/30/96 10/31/96 11/30/96	260,767.72	30	2,893.45 2,989.90		260,767.72	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	260,767.7 260,767.7
12/31/96	260,767.72 260,767.72	30	2,893.45 2,989.90			SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	260,767.7 260,767.7
TOTAL 1996		366	32,850.69	31,091.27			0.00	0.00	260,767.72
CUMULATIN	E TOTAL TO DA	TE	455,094.43	440,337.84			966,760.21	787,190.09	275.524.31

			0.000369663						
DATE	BALANCE	DAYS		ACCRUED INTEREST,	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	EXPENSES	BALANCE
1/31/97 2/28/97 3/31/97 4/30/97 5/31/97 6/30/97 7/31/97 8/31/97 9/30/97 10/31/97 11/30/97 12/31/97 TOTAL 1997	260,767,72 260,767,72 260,767,72 260,767,72 260,767,72 260,767,72 260,787,72 295,971,36 295,971,36 295,971,36 295,971,36	31 28 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31	2,969.90 2,700.55 2,989.90 2,893.45 2,969.90 2,893.45 2,989.90 3,393.53 3,284.07 3,393.53 3,284.07 3,393.53	35,203.64 35,203.64	260,767.72 260,767.72 260,767.72 260,767.72 260,767.72 295,971.36 295,971.36 295,971.36 295,971.36	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.001 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	260,767.72 260,767.72 260,767.72 260,767.72 260,767.72 260,767.72 295,971.36 295,971.36 295,971.36 295,971.36 295,971.36
CUMULATIVE	TOTAL TO DA	TE	492,290.21	475,541.48			966,760.21	787,190.09	312,720.09

			0.000369863					
DATE	S BALANCE	N OF		DED TO BALANCE	BALANCE DESCRIPTION	AND SEED LAND	Material S	y. 12 1
Int. Heat Sec.	Jann. Senson State and 1-5	TISE.	White Strait The Con-	SED TO BUTUNCE	BALANCE DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	EXPENSES	BALANCE
1/31/98	295,971.36	31	3,393.53	1	295,971.36 SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	295,971.36
2/28/98	295,971.38	28	3,065.13		295,971.36 SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	295,971.36
3/31/98	295,971.38	31	3,393.53	- 1	295,971.36 SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	295,971.36
4/30/98	295,971.36	30	3,264.07		295,971.36 SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	295,971.36
5/31/98	295,971.38	31	3,393.53	1	295,971.36 SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	295,971.36
6/30/98	295,971.36	30	3,284.07		295,971.36 SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	295,971.36
7/31/98	295,971.36	31	3,393.53	39,956.13	335,927.49 SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	335,927.49
8/31/98	335,927.49	31	3,851.66		335,927.49 SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	335,927.49
9/30/98	335,927.49	30	3,727.41		335,927.49 SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0 00	335,927.49
10/31/98	335,927.49	31	3,851.66		335,927.49 SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	335,927.49
11/30/98	335,927.49	30	3,727.41		335,927.49 SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	335,927.49
12/31/98 TOTAL 1	335,927,49	31	3,851.66		335,927.49 SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	335,927.49
TOTAL	390	365	42,217,21	39,956.13	manufacture of the second	0.00	0.00	335,927.49
CUMULA	TIVE TOTAL TO DA	TE	534,507.42	515,497.61		966,760.21	787,190.09	354,937.30

JOINT VENTURE ACCOUNTING 12/18/84 - 10/1/00

DATE	BALANCE	M OF	ACCRUED	ACCRUED INTEREST	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION		PENSES	BALANCE
1/31/99 2/28/99 3/31/99 4/30/99 5/31/99 6/30/99 7/31/99 9/30/99 10/31/99 10/31/99	335,927.49 335,927.49 335,927.49 335,927.49 335,927.49 335,927.49 361,277.70 381,277.70 381,277.70 381,277.70	31 28 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31	3,851.86 3,478.92 3,851.66 3,727.41 3,851.66 4,371.64 4,230.62 4,371.64 4,230.62 4,371.64	45,350.21	335,927.49 335,927.49 335,927.49 335,927.49 335,927.49 381,277.70 381,277.70 381,277.70 381,277.70	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	335,927.49 335,927.49 335,927.49 335,927.49 335,927.49 361,277.70 381,277.70 381,277.70 381,277.70 381,277.70
TOTAL 1999		365	47,916.53	45,350.21			0.00	0.00	381,277.70

CUMULATIVE TOTAL TO DATE

582,423.96

560,847.82

966,760.21

787,190.09

402,853.84

DATE		W OF	0.000369663 ACCRUED	ACCRUED INTEREST	Taken New Ag	Maria Maria Maria de Maria de Carta de		er twee consequence	They don't ha
1/31/00	381,277,70	31	4,371.64	ADDED TO BALANCE	BALANCE 2	SIMPLE INTEREST	RECEIPTS 0.00	EXPENSES !	381,277,70
2/29/00	381,277.70	29	4,089.59	1		SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	9.00	381,277.70
3/31/00	381,277.70	31	4,371.64	1		SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	381,277.70
4/30/00	381,277.70	30	4,230.62		381,277.70	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	381,277.70
5/31/00	381,277.70	31	4,371.64		381,277.70	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	381,277.70
6/30/00	381,277.70	30	4,230.62			SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	381,277.70
7/31/00	381,277.70	31	4.371.64	51,613.51	432,891.21	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	432,891.21
8/31/00	432,891.21	31	4,963.42		432,891.21	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	432,891.21
9/30/00	432,891.21	30	4,803.31		432,891.21	SIMPLE INTEREST	0.00	0.00	432,891.21
9/30/00	432,891.21	0	0.00		432,891.21	CONDEM' ATION AWARD	28,200.00	0.00	404,691.21
9/30/00	404,691.21	0	0.00		404,691.21	DIMEP QUITY IN RESIDEN	ICE 126,400.00	0.00	278,291.21
10/1/00	278,291.21	1	102.93	9,869.67	288.160.87	SIMPLE NTEREST	0.00	0.00	288,160.87
TOTAL 2000	0	275	39.907.04	61,483.17			154,600.00	0.00	288,160.87
CUMULATIV	E TOTAL TO DA	TE	622,330.99	622,330.99			1,121,360.21	787,190.09	288,160.87

Ex. C - Accounting of Rent Due to USB from Ms. Alice Demery

ULSTER SAVINGS BANK DIMERY INDEBTEDNESS ACCOUNTING #2

RENT DUE TO USB FROM MS. ALICE DIMERY 4/1/91 - 10/1/00

PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	DAILY FACTOR	PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	DAILY FACTOR
APRIL 1, 1991 - 9.00 %	0.000246575	APRIL 1, 1998 - 8.50%	0.000232877
APRIL 1, 1992 - 6.50%	0.000178082	APRIL 1, 1999 - 7.75%	0.000212329
APRIL 1, 1993 - 6.00%	0.000164384	APRIL 1, 2000 - 9.00% -	0.000246575
APRIL 1, 1994 - 6.45%	0.000176712		
APRIL 1, 1995 - 9.00%	0.000246575		
APRIL 1, 1996 - 8.25%	0.000226027		
APRIL 1, 1997 - 8.50%	0.000232877		

DATE	BALANCELA	DAYS	INTEREST	ADDED TO BALANCE BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	EXPENSES.	BATANCE
4/01/91	0.00	0	0.00	0.0	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	1,878.75
5/01/91	1,878.75	31	14.36	1,876.7	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	3,757.50
6/01/91	3,757.50	30	27.80	3,757.5	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	5,636.25
7/01/91	5,636.25	31	43.08	5,636.2	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	7,515.00
B/01/91	7,515.00	31	57.44	7,515.0	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	9,393.75
9/01/91	9,393.75	30	69.49	9,393.7	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878,75	11,272.50
10/01/91	11,272.50	31	86.17	11,272.5	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878,75	13,151,25
11/01/91	13,151.25	30	97.28	13,151,2	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	15,030,00
12/01/91	15,030.00	31	114.89	15,030.0	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	18,908.75
12/31/91	16,908.75	30	125.08	16,908.7	S ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	18,908.75
TOTAL 198	1	275	635.58	0.00	The state of the s	0.00	16,908.75	16,908.75
CUMULAT	VE TOTAL TO D	ATE	635.58	0.00		0.00	16,908.75	17.544.33

RENT DUE TO USB FROM MS. ALICE DIMERY 4/1/91 - 10/1/00

PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	DAILY FACTOR	PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	DAILY
APRIL 1, 1991 - 9.00 %	0.000246575	APRIL 1, 1998 - 8.50%	0.000232877
APRIL 1, 1992 - 6.50%	0.000178082	APRIL 1, 1999 - 7.75%	0.000212329
APRIL 1, 1993 - 6.00%	0.000164384	APRIL 1, 2000 - 9.00%	0.000246575
APRIL 1, 1994 - 6.45%	0.000176712		
APRIL 1, 1995 - 9.00%	0.000246575		
APR/L 1, 1996 - 8.25%	0.000226027		
APRIL 1, 1997 - 8.50%	0.000232877		

TOTAL 1992		366	2,079.05	1,093.74			0.00	22,545.00	40,547.49
12/31/92	40,547.49	30	216.62		40,547.49	ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	40,547.49
12/01/92	38,668.74	31	213.47		38,668.74	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1.878.75	40,547,41
11/01/92	36,789.99	30	196.55		36,789.99	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	38,668.74
10/01/92	34,911.24	31	192.73		34,911.24	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1.878.75	36,789.99
9/01/92	33,032.49	30	176.47		33,032.49	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	34,911.24
8/01/92	31,153.74	31	171.99		31,153.74	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	33,032.41
7/01/92	29,274.99	31	161.61		29,274.99	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	31,153.74
6/01/92	27,396.24	30	146.36		27,396.24	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	29,274.99
5/01/92	25.517.49	31	140.87		25,517.49	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	27,396.24
4/01/92	23,638.74	1	4.21		23, 8.74	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	25,517.49
3/31/92	22,545.00	30	166.77	1,093.74	23 638.74	ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	23,638.74
3/01/92	20,666.25	30	152.87	1	20,666.25	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	22,545.00
2/01/92	18,787.50	29	134.34	1	18,787.50	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	20,666.25
1/01/92	16,908.75	1	4.17		16,908.75	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	18,787.50

CUMULATIVE TOTAL TO DATE

2,714.63

1,093.74

0.00

39,453.75 42

42,168.38

RENT DUE TO USB FROM MS. ALICE DIMERY 4/1/91 - 10/1/00

	DAILY		DAILY
PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	FACTOR	PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	FACTOR
APRIL 1, 1991 - 9.00 %	0.000246575	APRIL 1, 1998 - 8.50%	0.000232877
APRIL 1, 1992 - 6.50%	0.000178082	APRIL 1, 1999 - 7.75%	0.000212329
APRIL 1, 1993 - 6.00%	0.000164384	APRIL 1, 2000 - 9.00%	0.000246575
APRIL 1, 1994 - 6.45%	0.000176712		
APRIL 1, 1995 - 9.00%	0.000246575		
APRIL 1, 1996 - 8.25%	0.000226027		
APRIL 1, 1997 - 8.50%	0.000232877		

TOTAL 1993		365	3,326.67	2,323.10			0.00	22,545.00	65,415.59
12/31/93	65,415.59	30	322.60		65,415.59	ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	65,415.5
12/01/93	63,536.84	31	323.78		63,536.84	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	65,415.5
11/01/93	61,658.09	30	304.07		61,658.09	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	63,536.8
10/01/93	59,779.34	31	304.63		59,779.34	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	61,658.0
9/01/93	57,900.59	30	285.54		57,900.59	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	59,779.3
8/01/93	56,021.84	31	285.48		56,021.84	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	57,900.5
7/01/93	54,143.09	31	275.91		54,143.09	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	56,021.8
6/01/93	52,264.34	30	257.74		52,264.34	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	54,143.0
5/01/93	50,385.59	31	256.76		50,385,59	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	52,264.34
4/01/93	48,506.84	. 1	7.97		48,506,84	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	50,385.59
3/31/93	46,183.74	30	246.74	2.323.10		ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	48,506.8
3/01/93	44,304,99	30	236.70		44.304.99	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	46, 183.74
2/01/93	42,426.24	28	211.55		42,426,24	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	44,304.99
1/01/93	40,547,49	11	7.22	1	40.547.49	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	42,426.24

CUMULATIVE TOTAL TO DATE

6,041.31

3,416.84

0.00

61,998.75

68,040.06

RENT DUE TO USB FROM MS. ALICE DIMERY 4/1/91 - 10/1/00

	DAILY		DAILY
PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	FACTOR	PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	FACTOR
APRIL 1, 1991 - 9.00 %	0.000246575	APRIL 1, 1998 - 8.50%	0.000232877
APRIL 1, 1992 - 6.50%	0.000178082	APRIL 1, 1999 - 7.75%	0.000212329
APRIL 1, 1993 - 6.00%	0.000164384	APRIL 1, 2000 - 9.00%	0.000246575
APRIL 1, 1994 - 6.45%	0.000176712		
APRIL 1, 1995 - 9.00%	0.000246575		
APRIL 1, 1996 - 8.25%	0.000226027		
APRIL 1, 1997 - 8.50%	0.000232877		

TOTAL 1994		365	5,110.26	3,636,48		0.00	22,545.00	91,597.07
12/31/94	91,597.07	30	485.59		91,597.07 ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	91,597.07
12/01/94	89,718.32	31	491.48		89,718.32 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	91,597.07
11/01/94	87,839.57	30	465.67	-	87,839.57 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	89,718.32
10/01/94	85,960.82	31	470.90		85,960.82 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	87,839.57
9/01/94	84,082.07	30	445.75		84,082,07 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	85,960.82
3/01/94	62,203.32	31	450.32		82,203.32 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	84,082.07
7/01/94	80,324.57	31	440.02		80.324.57 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	82,203.32
6/01/94	78,445.82	30	415.87		78,445.82 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	80,324.57
5/01/94	76,567.07	31	419.44		76,567.07 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	78,445.82
4/01/94	74,688.32	1	13.20		74,688.32 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	76,567.07
3/31/94	71,051.84	30	350.39	3,636.48	74,688.32 ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	74,688.32
3/01/94	69,173.09	30	341.13		69,173.09 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	71,051.84
2/01/94	67,294.34	28	309.74	1	67.294.34 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	69,173.09
1/01/94	65,415.59	1	10.75	1	65,415.59 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	67,294.34

CUMULATIVE TOTAL TO DATE

11,151.57

7,053.32

0.00

84,543.75

95,695.32

RENT DUE TO USB FROM MS. ALICE DIMERY 4/1/91 - 10/1/00

	DAILY		DAILY
PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	FACTOR	PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	FACTOR
APRIL 1, 1991 - 9.00 %	0.000246575	APRIL 1, 1998 - 8.50%	0.000232877
APRIL 1, 1992 - 6.50%	0.000178082	APRIL 1, 1999 - 7.75%	0.000212329
APRIL 1, 1993 - 6.00%	0.000164384	APRIL 1, 2000 - 9.00%	0.000246575
APRIL 1, 1994 - 6.45%	0.000176712		
APRIL 1, 1995 - 9.00%	0.000246575		
APRIL 1, 1996 - 8.25%	0.000226027		
APRIL 1, 1997 - 8.50%	0.000232877		

2/01/95	93,475.82	28	462.51			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	95,354.57
3/01/95	95,354.57	30	505.51	5 503 00		DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	97,233.32
3/31/95	97,233.32	30	515.47	5,597.92		ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	102,831.25
4/01/95	102.831.25	1	25.36			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1.878.75	104,710.00
5/01/95	104,710.00	31	800.39			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	106,588.75
6/01/95	106,588.75	30	788.46			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	108,467.50
7/01/95	108,467.50	31	829.11			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	110,346.25
8/01/95	110,346.25	31	843.47		110,346.25	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	112,225.00
9/01/95	112,225.00	30	830.16			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	114,103.75
10/01/95	114,103.75	31	872.19			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	115,982.50
11/01/95	115,982.50	30	857.95		115,982.50	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	117,861.25
12/01/95	117,861.25	31	900.91	1	117,861.25	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	119,740.00
12/31/95	119,740.00	30	885.75		119,740.00	ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	119,740.00
TOTAL 1995		365	9,133.42	5.597.92			0.00	22,545.00	119,740.00

CUMULATIVE TOTAL TO DATE

20,284.99

12,651.25

0.00

107,088.75 127,373.74

ULSTER SAVINGS BANK DIMERY INDEBTEDNESS

RENT DUE TO USB FROM MS. ALICE DIMERY 4/1/91 - 10/1/00

DIMERY INDEB					4/1/91 - 1	0/1/00			
A COUNTING	92				DAILY		DAILY		
				PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	FACTOR	PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	FACTOR		
				APRIL 1, 1991 - 9.00 %		APRIL 1, 1998 - 8.50%	0.000232877		
				APRIL 1, 1992 - 6.50%		APRIL 1, 1999 - 7,75%	0.000212329		
				APRIL 1, 1993 - 6.00%		APRIL 1, 2000 - 9,00%	0.000246575		
			4	APRIL 1, 1994 - 6.45%	0.000176712				
				APRIL 1, 1995 - 9.00%	0.000246575				
				APRIL 1, 1996 - 8.25%	0.000226027				
				APRIL 1, 1997 - 8,50%	0.000232877				
NATIONAL PROPERTY AND PROPERTY.	ACCOUNTS TO THE PARTY OF PER	- CHENT	ACCOUNT	ACCRUED INTEREST	Dr. New or 1 houses - A	I ME I A COOK OF THE PROPERTY	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O	Later Street Principles (1990) Street and Park	FEATOR LAP SA YE
DATE 1/01/96	119,740.00	DAYS		ADDED TO BALANCE		DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	EXPENSES	
2/01/96	121,618.75	29	29.52 869.66			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	121,618.75 123,497.50
3/01/96	123,497.50	30	913.54			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	125,376,25
3/31/96	125,376.25	30	927.44			ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	135,750.15
M01/96	135,750.15	1	30.68			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	137,628.90
5/01/95	137,628.90	31	964.34			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	139,507.6
5/01/96	139,507.65	30	945.98			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	141,386.40
7/01/96	141.386.40	31	990.67			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	143,265.18
9/01/96	143,265.15	31	1,003.84			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	145,143.90
10/01/96	147,022.65	30	984.19			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	147,022.65
11/01/96	148,901.40	30	1,030.17			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75 1,878.75	148,901.40
12/01/96	150,780.15	31	1.056.49	.1		DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	150,780.15 152,658.90
12/31/96	152,658.90	30	1,035,15			ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	152,658.90
TOTAL 1996	52,050.50	360	11,791.36			TOOLOGE WIEKES!	0.00	22,545.00	152,658.90
	TOTAL TO D	ATE	32,076.35	23,025.15			0.00	129,633.75	161,710.10

RENT DUE TO USB FROM MS. ALICE DIMERY 4/1/91 - 10/1/00

PRIME	RATES EFFECTIVE:	DAILY	PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	DAILY	
APRIL 1	, 1991 - 9.00 %	0.000246575	APRIL 1, 1998 - 8.50%	0.000232877	
APRIL 1	, 1992 - 6.50%	0.000178082	APRIL 1, 1999 - 7.75%	0.000212329	
APRIL 1	, 1993 - 6.00%	0.000164384	APRIL 1, 2000 - 9.00%	0.000246575	
APRIL 1	, 1994 - 6.45%	0.000176712			
APRIL 1	, 1995 - 9.00%	0.000246575			
APRIL 1	, 1996 - 6.25%	0.000226027			
APRIL 1	, 1997 - 8.50%	0.000232877			
ACC	RUED INTEREST	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	A RECEIPTED VE	XPE
.51	1	152,658,90	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.001	1
1.03			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1
60		450 440 40	CHAPTY DESITAL CHAPTE	0.00	4

1/01/97	152,658.90	11	34.51	1	152,658.90 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	154,537.65
2/01/97	154,537.65	28	978.03		154,537.65 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	156,416.40
V01/97	156,416.40	30	1,060.63		156,416.40 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1.878.75	158,295.15
3/31/97	158,295.15	30	1,073.37	12,197.74	170,492.89 ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	170,492.89
1/01/97	170,492.89	1	39.70		170,492.89 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	172,371.64
VD1/97	172,371.64	31	1,244.38		172,371.64 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	174,250.39
5/01/97	174,250.39	30	1,217.37		174,250.39 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	176,129.14
7/01/97	176,129.14	31	1,271.51		176,129 14 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	178,007.89
5/01/97	178,007.89	31	1,285.07	1	178,007.89 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	179,886.64
9/01/97	179,885.64	30	1,256.74	1	179,886.64 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	181,765.39
10/01/97	181,765.39	31	1,312.20		181,765.39 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	183,644.14
11/01/97	183,644.14	30	1,282.99	1	183,644.14 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	185,522.89
12/01/97	185,522.89	31	1,339.32		185,522.89 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	187,401.64
12/31/97	187,401.64	30	1,309.24		187,401.64 ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	187,401.64
TOTAL 1997		365	14,705.07	12,197.74		0.00	22,545.00	187,401.64

CUMULATIVE TOTAL TO DATE

46,781.42

35,222.80

0.00 152,178.75

198,960.17

RENT DUE TO USB FROM MS. ALICE DIMERY 4/1/91 - 10/1/00

RIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	FACTOR	PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	DAILY FACTOR
PRIL 1, 1991 - 9.00 %.	0.000246575	APRIL 1, 1998 - 8.50%	0.00023287
PRIL 1, 1992 - 6.50%	0.000178082	APRIL 1, 1999 - 7.75%	0.000212329
PRIL 1, 1993 - 6.00%	0.000164384	APRIL 1, 2000 - 9.00%	0.00024657
PRIL 1, 1994 - 6.45%	0.000176712		
PRIL 1, 1995 - 9.00%	0.000246575		
PRIL 1, 1996 - 8.25%	0.000226027		
PRIL 1, 1997 - 8.50%	0.000232877		

1/01/98	187,401.64	1	43.64	1	187,401.64	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1.878.75	189,280.39
2/01/98	189,280.39	28	1,234.21	1		DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	191,159.14
3/01/98	191,159.14	30	1,335.50			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	193,037.89
/31/98	193,037.89	30	1,348.62	15,520.50	208,558.39	ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	208,558.39
/01/98	208,558.39	1	48.57		208,558.39	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	210,437.14
/01/98	210,437.14	31	1,519.18		210,437.14	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	212,315.89
/01/98	212,315.89	30	1,483.30		212,315.89	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	214,194.64
/01/98	214,194.64	31	1,546.31			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	216,073.39
/01/98	216,073.39	31	1,559.87	1		DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	217,952.14
/01/98	217,952.14	30	1,522.68	1		DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	219,830.89
0/01/98	219,830.89	31	1,587.00			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	221,709.64
1/01/98	221,709.64	30	1,548.93			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	223,588.39
2/01/98	223,588.39	31	1,614.12			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	225,467.14
2/31/98	225,467.14	30	1,575.18		225,467.14	ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	225,467.14
TOTAL 1998]	365	17,967.12	15,520.50			0.00	22,545.00	225,467.14

CUMULATIVE TOTAL TO DATE

64,748.54

50,743.39

0.00 174,723.75 239,472.29

RENT DUE TO USB FROM MS. ALICE DIMERY 4/1/91 - 10/1/00

PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	DAILY	PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	DAILY FACTOR
APRIL 1, 1991 - 9.00 %	0.000246575	APRIL 1, 1998 - 8.50%	0.000232877
APRIL 1, 1992 - 6.50%	0.000178082	APRIL 1, 1999 - 7.75%	0.000212329
APRIL 1, 1993 - 6.00%	0.000164384	APRIL 1, 2000 - 9.00%	0.000246575
APRIL 1, 1994 - 6.45%	0.000176712		
APRIL 1, 1995 - 9.00%	0.000246575		
APRIL 1, 1996 - 8.25%	0.000226027		
APRIL 1, 1997 - 8.50%	0.000232877		

1	005 457 441	41	52.51	1	225,467,14 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	227,345.8
/01/99	225,467.14	28	1,482,42	1	227.345.89 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	229,224.6
2/01/99	227,345.89	30	1,601.43		229,224.64 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1.878.75	231,103.3
3/01/99	231,103.39	30	1,614.56	18.756.07	249,859,46 ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	249,859.4
1/01/99	249,859.46	30	53.05	10,100,101	249,859.46 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	251,738.2
/01/99	251,738.21	31	1.656.99	1	251,738.21 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	253,616.9
V01/99	253,616.98	30	1.615.51		253.616.96 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	255,495.7
/01/99	255,495.71	31	1,681.72		255,495.71 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	257,374.4
(01/99	257,374.46	31	1,694.09	1	257,374,46 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	259,253.2
V01/99	259,253.21	30	1,651.41		259.253.21 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	261,131.9
0/01/99	261,131.96	31	1,718.82		261,131.96 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	263,010.7
1/01/99	263,010.71	30	1,675.34		263,010.71 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	264,889.4
2/01/99	264,889.46	31	1.743.55		264,889.46 DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	266,768.2
2/31/99	266,768.21	30	1,699.28		266,768.21 ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	266,768.2
TOTAL 1999	200,700.21	365	19.940.67	18.756.07		0.00	22,545.00	266,768.2

CUMULATIVE TOTAL TO DATE

84,689.21

69,499.46

197,268.75 281,957.96

Ex. E - Accounting of Taxes Paid by USB on Lakefront Property

ULSTER SAVINGS BANK DIMERY INDEBTEDNESS ACCOUNTING #2

RENT DUE TO USB FROM MS. ALICE DIMERY 4/1/91 - 10/1/00

PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	DAILY	PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	FACTOR
APRIL 1, 1991 - 9.00 %	0.000246575	APRIL 1, 1998 - 8.50%	0.000232877
APRIL 1, 1992 - 6.50%	0.000178082	APRIL 1, 1999 - 7.75%	0.000212329
APRIL 1, 1993 - 6.00%	0.000164384	APRIL 1, 2000 - 9.00%	0.000246575
APRIL 1, 1994 - 6.45%	0.000176712		
APRIL 1, 1995 - 9.00%	0.000246575		
APRIL 1, 1996 - 6.25%	0.000226027		
APRIL 1, 1997 - 8.50%	0.000232877		

V01/00 V01/00	294,585.16 296,463.91	30	2,251.76 2,193.02			DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	296,463.9 298,342.6
/01/00	294,585.16	31	2,251.76		294,585.16	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	296,463.9
/01/00	292,706.41	1	72.17	20,301.95	292,706.41	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	294,585.1
V01/00 V31/00	270,525.71 272,404.46	30	1,723.21 1,735.18	20,301.95	270,525.71	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75	272,404.4 292,706.4
/01/00 /01/00	266,768.21 268,646.96	28	56.64 1,597.16		268,646.96	DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE DIMERY - RENTAL CHARGE	0.00	1,878.75 1,878.75	268,646. 270,525.

CUMULATIVE TOTAL TO DATE

103,451.97

103,451.97

0.00 216,056.25

319,508.22

PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	DAILY
JANUARY 1, 1994 - 6.00 %	0.000164384
JANUARY 1, 1995 - 8.50 %	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1996 3%	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1997 15 %	0.000226027
JANUARY 1, 1998 - 8.50 %	0.000232677
JANUARY 1, 1999 - 7.75 %	0.000212329
JANUARY 1, 2000 - 8.50 %	0.000232877

DATE					BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	EXPENSES	BALANCE
6/20/94	0.001	01	0.001		0.00	1991 TOWN TAX	0 00	580.091	580.09
6/20/94	580.09	ol	0.00	i	580.09	1992 TOWN TAX	000	608.40	1,188.49
6/20/94	1,186.49	ol	0.00	1	1,188.49	1993 TOWN TAX	0.00	504.72	1,693.21
6/20/94	1,693.21	ol	0.00		1,693.21	1994 TOWN TAX	0.00	426.94	2,120.15
9/9/94	2,120.15	81	28.23		2,120.15	1994 SCHOOL TAX	0.00	256.91	2,377.06
12/31/94	2,377.06	113	44.15	72 38	2,449.44	ACCRUFD INTEREST	0.00	0.00	2,449.44
TOTAL 1994		194	72.38	72.38			0.00	2,377.06	2,449.44
CUMULATIVE	TOTAL TO DE	ATE	72.38	72.38			0.00	2,377.06	2,449.44

PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	PACTOR
JANUARY 1, 1994 - 6.00 %	0.000164384
JANUARY 1, 1995 - 8.50 %	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1996 - 8.50 %	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1997 - 8.25 %	0.000226027
JANUARY 1, 1998 - 8.50 %	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1999 - 7.75 %	0.000212329
JANUARY 1, 2000 - 8.50 %	0.000232877

DATE B		# OF	Lames smem . I have done	RUED INTEREST	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTE	XPENSES .	BALANCE
1/10/95	2,449.44	10	5.70	1		1995 TOWN TAX	0.00	122.76	2,572.20
2/11/95 9/14/95	2,572.20	216	18.57			1985 SCHOOL TAX	0.00	7.81 269.42	2,580.01
12/31/95	2,849.43	108	71.67	225.72		ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	3,075.15
TOTAL 1995		365	225 72	225.72			0.00	399.99	3,075.15
CUMULATIVE 1	TOTAL TO D	ATE	298.10	298.10			0.00	2,777.05	3,075.15

PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	FACTOR
JANUARY 1, 1994 - 6.00 %	0.000164384
JANUARY 1, 1995 - 8.50 %	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1996 - 6.50 %	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1997 - 8.25 %	0.000226027
JANUARY 1, 1998 - 8.50 %	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1999 - 7.75 %	0.000212329
JANUARY 1, 2000 - 8.50 %	0.000232877

DATE			NTEREST ACCR	DED INTEREST	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	EXPENSES	SALANCE H
1/5/96 9/5/96	3,075.15 3,208.27 3,573.67	5 244 117	3.58 182.30 97.37	283.25	3,208.27	1996 TOWN TAX 1996 SCHOOL TAX ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	133.12 365.40 0.00	3,208.27 3,573.67 3,856.92
12/31/96 TOTAL 1996	3,3/3 6/	366	283.25	283,25	3,050.52	NOONOED INTEREST	0.00	498.52	3,856.92
CUMULATIVE	TOTAL TO D	ATE	581.35	581.35			0.00	3,275.57	3,856.92

Decision and Order of the Hon. S. Barrett Hickman dated May 19, 2000

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF PUTNAM

ALICE LARAINE DIMERY,

Plaintiff,

- against -

DECISION & ORDER INDEX NO. 230-93

ULSTER SAVINGS BANK

Defendant.

HICKMAN, J.

BACKGROUND

Alice Dimery ("Dimery") purchased property on South Lake Boulevard, Town of Carmel, Putnam County, New York, from Hilda Levine on October 30, 1982 as shown by Deed recorded in Liber 786, of deeds at page 474, Exhibit 28. This purchase was apparently not financed. The property purchased consisted of a small lakefront parcel on Lake Mohapac and a parcel across the road from the Lake containing a large residence. These properties will be referred to hereinafter as the "Lake" property.

Shortly thereafter, it appears that Dimery, who was knowledgeable in the real estate business, having experience as a real estate broker and/or agent, located property on Union Valley Road in the Town of Carmel which she believed could be subdivided and sold at a profit. This property is referred to herein as the "Valley" property.

On December 14, 1982, Ulster Savings Bank ("Ulster") loaned money to Dimery as follows:

Two mortgages on her two Lake properties in the amounts of \$106,800.00 and \$40,800.00 respectively (Exhibits B-1 and B-2).

Two mortgages on the purchase of the Valley property in the amounts of \$27,300.00 and \$106,300.00 respectively (Exhibits B-3 and B-4).

The total advanced by Ulster was \$281,200.00. Each note accompanying the mortgages and signed by Dimery provided for specific monthly payments of principal and interest commencing February 1, 1983. For some unexplained reason it appears, as noted below, that Dimery never made a single payment on any of the four mortgages for over two years. Exhibit A, the agreement entered into between the parties on the 1st day of March, 1985 when the mortgages were heavily in default, indicates that as of that date, the original principal of \$281,200.00 was still due Ulster as well as \$70,787.72 in accrued interest.

In addition, Exhibit 17 indicates that Dimery's check for \$9,208.40 given at the Valley property closing on December 14, 1982 was not honored although as noted by Exhibit BBB, this check was eventually covered in July, 1983, more than six months after the closing. Exhibit 18 refers to Dimery check #111 dated September 13, 1983 for \$20,649.20 and check #112 dated September 15, 1983 for \$14,240.14. These checks, which were not honored by her bank because of insufficient funds, appear to relate to interest on the four mortgages referred to above. On October 6, 1983 Ulster returned the checks noting there was no money in her account to cover these checks. Since these checks were not honored, the record reflects no

payment by Dimery of either principal or interest from December 14, 1982 to March 1, 1985.

Exhibits NN and OO show that Ulster commenced foreclosure proceedings on or about June 20, 1983, which, again for some unexplained reason, were not completed until December 7, 1984 (Exhibits F-1 and F-2). Through what appears to have been a clerical error, the larger and unimproved Valley parcel was omitted from the original mortgage and therefore from the foreclosure proceeding. Only the small parcel, part of the old railroad bed and relatively nominal in value, was mortgaged and foreclosed. Thereafter, Dimery and Ulster reached an agreement dated March 1, 1985, which allowed her to remain in the Lake premises (Exhibit A). In that agreement, "1. Dimery confirms and acknowledges the ownership by ULSTER of the properties set forth in Schedule A hereto attached and made a part hereof and agrees to this day to execute a Bargain and Sale Deed with Covenants against Grantors Act running from DIMERY to ULSTER as evidence of her confirming and acknowledgment of the ownership of ULSTER free and clear of any claims, defenses, reservations or obligations."

On March 1, 1985 when the agreement was executed, Dimery also executed a Bargain and Sale Deed with Covenant pursuant to the agreement conveying the Lake property and the Valley property to Ulster. This deed was recorded in Liber 882 of deeds at page 065 (see Exhibit 28). This deed included the larger and improved Valley parcel.

The agreement was not prepared by the St. John law firm which represented Ulster as counsel. Howard C. St. John ("St. John") was at that time President and CEO of Ulster and senior partner in the St. John law firm. The agreement was prepared by Robert A. Ronder of a separate law practice which did work for Ulster. Dimery apparently chose not to be represented by counsel, however, there is absolutely no indication that she would not have been permitted to have counsel had she chosen to be so represented.

The basic agreement confirmed Ulster's ownership of the four parcels and fixed Dimery's then unpaid obligations in the sum of \$364.926.14 with interest to accrue at the rate of \$13.5% [sic] per annum, compounded monthly. It envisioned an arrangement whereby Dimery would continue to process a subdivision application for the Valley property before the Town of Carmel and Ulster would advance all moneys necessary to obtain approval, pay taxes and all other expenses. Sums advanced were to be added to principal and accrue interest at 13.5% compounded monthly. All rents and income were to be paid to Ulster. Dimery was allowed to remain in possession of the Lake property and pay a monthly rental of \$1,878.75 plus real estate taxes, insurance and other ordinary expenses. Ulster reserved the right to terminate the agreement on 30 days notice at which time Dimery would be required to vacate the premises.

Dimery was authorized to pursue the subdivision approval for the Valley property which was already underway and which Dimery apparently represented was imminent. Final decisions were solely and exclusively to be made by Ulster. Any profit was to be divided 2/3 to Ulster and 1/3 to Dimery after repayment to Ulster of all moneys advanced with accrued interest.

St. John testified at the trial that Dimery believed the subdivision, which was already in progress, would be approved at a Planning Board meeting on June 18, 1985. The parties, at St. John's urging, agreed to extend the agreement and approval date to August 1, 1985 to allow a little extra time. To say this time frame was overly optimistic is a vast understatement. In fact, no final approval for the entire subdivision was obtained until July, 1988 when Map 225B was filed although Section I had previously been approved a year earlier. The first sale of a lot took place in September 1989 when Lot 3 was sold after the road and other improvements were complete.

Although the August 1, 1985 termination date passed, the parties continued to act in furtherance of their agreement. In all fairness to Dimery, it appears that she devoted great effort and countless hours in furtherance of the approvals from the various town agencies. Dimery's initial approach had been for approval of a cluster development, which seemed to make sense for this relatively small subdivision. Unfortunately, she failed to realize that this approval under the applicable regulations would require central water and sewer. It was then obvious that the small number of units could never support such an expensive infrastructure. Accordingly, she amended the plan to request a normal single lot, two section subdivision consisting of 11 lots, each lot to be serviced by an individual well and septic system.

The property being subdivided was a long relatively narrow parcel as shown on Exhibit C, survey dated January, 1983. As a result, unlike most subdivisions, it was impossible to locate a road which would entirely service houses on both sides of the road. This factor substantially

increased the per lot road cost thereby decreasing the potential profit.

The subdivision map, Exhibit D, completed December 9, 1986, indicated other difficulties in that some lots required fill in the septic areas and the location map (vicinity plan) indicates that there was a small lake in the vicinity of the subdivision. The property also contained wetlands and there were drainage problems. During the development of the property, there were two wetlands violations recorded, resulting in a \$2,000.00 fine against Dimery which was paid by Ulster (Exhibit 34).

Submitted to the Court are two voluminous Exhibits, 26 and 27, which contain records of the subdivision application and proceedings as well as applications to the Zoning Board of Appeals and to the Environmental Conservation Commission. A review of these extensive documents demonstrates why going through the approval process took years rather than five months. It also leads to the conclusion that this was not an easy parcel to subdivide and market. Dimery's efforts were obviously extensive and effective in finally obtaining the required approvals. However, the aforenoted factors seriously affected the ultimate ability to obtain timely approvals and to rapidly and successfully market the property at a maximum profit.

From the date of the agreement on March 1, 1985 through final approval in July, 1988 and beyond as the road was constructed, there was never any formal modification, amendment or extension of the underlying agreement. Dimery continued her efforts to obtain approvals and market the property and Ulster continued to advance moneys. The parties were in regular contact and worked

PRIME RATES SEFECTIVE:	PACTOR
JANUARY 1, 1994 - 5 00 %	0.000164384
JANUARY 1, 1995 - 8.50 %	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1996 - 8.50 %	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1997 - 8.25 %	0.000226027
JANUARY 1, 1998 - 8.50 %	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1999 - 7.75 %	0.000212329
JANUARY 1, 2000 - 8.50 %	0.000232877

DATE B			DOED TO BALANCE	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	XPENSES	BALANCE
1/15/97 9/8/97 12/31/97 TOTAL 1997	3,856.92 15 4,024.53 236 4,387.08 114 365	13.08 214.68 113.04 340.80	340.80 340.80	4,024.53	1997 TOWN TAX 1997 SCHOOL TAX ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	167.61 362.55 0.00 530.16	4,024.53 4,387.08 4,727.88 4,727.88
CUMULATIVE T	OTAL TO DATE	922.15	922.15			0.00	3,805.73	4,727.88

PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	DAILY
JANUARY 1, 1994 - 6.00 %	0.000164384
JANUARY 1, 1995 - 8.50 %	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1996 - 8.50 %	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1997 - 8.25 %	0.000226027
JANUARY 1, 1998 - 8.50 %	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1999 - 7.75 %	0.000212323
JANUARY 1, 2000 - 8.50 %	0.000232877

/20/98	4,727.881	201	22.02	1	4 727 88 1	998 TOWN TAX	2.00	400.00	
V10/98	4,896.88	233	265.71			998 SCHOOL TAX	0.00	169.00	4,896.8
							0.00	366.22	5,263.1
2/31/98	5,263.10	112	137.27	425.00	5.688.10 A	CCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	5,688.1 5,688.1
OTAL 1998		365	425.00	425.00			0.00	535.22	-

PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	PACTOR
JANUARY 1, 1994 - 6.00 %	0.000164384
JANUARY 1, 1995 - 8.50 %	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1996 - 8.50 %	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1997 - 8.25 %	0.000226027
JANUARY 1, 1998 - 8.50 %	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1999 - 7.75 %	0.000212329
JANUARY 1, 2000 - 8.50 %	0.000232877

/8/99	5,688.10	8	9.66	1		1999 TOWN TAX	0.00	164.21	5,852.31
77/99	5,852.31	242	300.71	1		1999 SCHOOL TAX	0.00	384.33	6,236.64
2/31/99	6,236.64	115	152.29	462.66	6,699.30	ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00	0.00	6,699.30
OTAL 1999		365	462.66	462.66			0.00	548.54	6,699.30

	DAILY
PRIME RATES EFFECTIVE:	FACTOR
JANUARY 1, 1994 - 6.00 %	0.000164384
JANUARY 1, 1995 - 8,50 %	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1996 - 8.50 %	0.000232677
JANUARY 1, 1997 - 8.25 %	0.000226027
JANUARY 1, 1998 - 8.50 %	0.000232877
JANUARY 1, 1999 - 7.75 %	0.000212329
JANUARY 1, 2000 - 8.50 %	0.000232877

DATE	ALANCE	DAYS	ACCRUED ACC	RUED INTEREST	BALANCE	DESCRIPTION	RECEIPTS	OPENSES	BALANCE
1/21/00 9/11/00 10/1/00	6,699.30 6,861.45 7,274.81	21 233 20	32.76 372.30 33.88	438.95	6,861.46	2000 TOWN TAX 2000 SCHOOL TAX ACCRUED INTEREST	0.00 0.00 0.00	162.16 413.35 0.00	6,861.46 7,274.81 7,713.76
TOTAL 2000		274	438.95	438.95			0.00	575.51	7,713.76
CUMULATIVE	TOTAL TO U	ATE	2,248.76	2,248.76			0.00	5,465.00	7,713.76

together toward marketing the property. Under these facts, the Court finds there was certainly an implied, if not virtually an express, agreement by the parties' conduct to continue the terms of the agreement far beyond the August 1, 1985 termination date.

As the approval process on Section I was nearing completion, Dimery brought in Loma Builders Ltd. ("Loma") as a prospective purchaser. Loma was to install the road and have the right to purchase Lots 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6. A contract of sale (Exhibit H-1) was executed on June 9, 1987. The price was \$75,000.00 per lot for a total of \$375,000.00. Lots were to be deeded over as demand was made for each lot and when each \$75,000.00 was paid. The unpaid purchase price was to bear interest at prime plus $2\frac{1}{2}$ points. The right to purchase was for a period of 24 months. Loma paid a downpayment in the sum of \$37,500.00. Since title was retained by Ulster there was no mortgage with the normal release provisions.

As it turns out, Ulster was well advised to retain title. While Loma installed the road (Ulster having furnished the performance bond), paid interest for a time and purchased Lots 2 and 3, it failed to perform its other obligations and the deal fell apart sometime in late 1989. Since Ulster had title, there was no need for a foreclosure proceeding.

As they continued to operate under the terms of the agreement, Ulster sold Lot 1 with the house to Maloney for \$230,000.00 on December 13, 1989 (Exhibit M-1). On August 18, 1990, Lot 4 was sold to Nucatola for \$60,000.00 (Exhibit N). At this point, the parties had operated beyond the expiration date for more than five years and had only sold four of the eleven lots.

It seems appropriate at this point to take judicial notice of the very favorable real estate market of the middle 1980's which undoubtedly encouraged the agreement. However, the real estate market was severely affected by the stock market decline in 1987. Undoubtedly, this was an additional factor in preventing a speedy and profitable sale of the Valley property.

On March 26, 1991, Ulster sold Lots 5 thru 11 to Reymert Construction Corp. ("Reymert") for \$270,000.00. This full purchase price was credited to the joint venture and the parties agreed at trial that no further sales need be considered. It turned out that Reymert also defaulted on its obligation. Ulster later commenced foreclosure and eventually assigned its rights to one Eric Goldfine on February 22, 1996 (Exhibit X). At this point, all of the property was disposed of almost 11 years after the original agreement.

The facts set forth above demonstrate that this was indeed a difficult property to develop and to market. The unforeseen difficulties and delays in obtaining approvals and finding successful buyers caused this venture to miss a very favorable market which probably could or would have generated the profit Dimery and Ulster foresaw on March 1, 1985 and sought to achieve.

In the meantime, Ulster had commenced a proceeding in September, 1992 in Carmel Justice Court to recover possession of the Lake property, alleging Dimery was a month-to-month tenant holding over. A notice terminating her tenancy had been served upon Dimery on January 27, 1992. This notice was in effect a termination of the agreement if the agreement was not otherwise terminated when

the property was sold to Reymert. There is no explanation for the eight month delay in commencing the proceeding. In any event, the presiding Town Justice, who was involved in the Loma transaction, disqualified himself and the matter was eventually transferred to the Town of Putnam Valley Justice Court.

While the Justice Court case was pending, Dimery commenced this action in early 1993 alleging unjust enrichment and fraud. The complaint seeks the imposition of a constructive trust, an accounting and right to redeem, an order determining that the deeds to Ulster are void and an order quieting title as well as other relief.

Shortly thereafter, Dimery moved in this Court for a stay of the summary dispossess proceeding pending in Putnam Valley Justice Court. This Court, recognizing the substantial issues in this action and its complexity, stayed the Justice Court action and consolidated the same with the instant action by decision and order dated June 18, 1993.

There followed an extended period of discovery including motions. Depositions of a number of witnesses were ultimately scheduled upon completion of an enormous amount of paper discovery. In 1995 there was an indication of a possible settlement. By stipulation, the matter was adjourned from time to time in order to facilitate settlement. There was at one point in June, 1995, an indication that sale of the Lake property was being discussed. Negotiations continued as did further discovery and a note of issue was filed in July, 1997 with the understanding there were still some items outstanding. At one point, Dimery refused to allow an appraiser to inspect the house. Ultimately, on September 2, 1997, this Court

ordered her to permit access by an appraiser and the appraisal was completed. The file indicates that in October, 1997, Ulster was making a proposal which might lead to a settlement.

At about that point in time, the undersigned was assigned to Dutchess County to preside over the trial of Pagones v. Brawley, Maddox, Mason and Sharpton. This high profile and contentious matter involving multiple defendants and numerous defamatory statements as well as constitutional issues ultimately lasted 8½ months. During this period, County Court Judge William B. Braatz, as an Acting Supreme Court Justice, handled this case.

During this time, new counsel for both Dimery and Ulster arrived upon the scene and needed an opportunity to "get up to speed." Meanwhile, a suggestion that this case would be appropriate for a Judicial Hearing Officer was rejected by the parties.

Upon my return to Putnam County, the matter was re-assigned and a conference was held on December 22, 1998. Thereafter, a trial was set for April 5, 1999. On that date, a lengthy pre-trial conference explored various settlement options. As a result of an in-depth analysis of Dimery's claims, it was apparent that in spite of voluminous discovery there had never been a complete title search by either party to verify or refute Dimery's claims that Ulster had disposed of properties and not credited the joint venture. The parties agreed to share the expense of a complete title search of all the properties and lots involved in all the various transactions in the hope that this might lead to a settlement. The Court suggested a knowledgeable independent title searcher who regularly works in Putnam

County. The parties and counsel agreed to order the search and the trial was put over.

It was apparent to the Court that the search process was complicated by the various sales, foreclosures and mortgages involving re-sales of the various lots. In addition, the busy real estate market required the title searcher to perform services for other regular customers. The result was that the search consisting of several hundred pages (Exhibit 28), was not completed until midfall, 1999.

A final conference was held on November 17, 1999 following review by counsel of the title search. A last effort to resolve the case was unsuccessful and the trial was scheduled for December 13, 1999.

The matter was tried by this Court without a jury over several weeks commencing December 13, 1999 and ending on January 7, 2000. One hundred thirty-eight exhibits were submitted at the trial. It should be noted that when counsel pre-marked the exhibits, letters were inadvertently assigned plaintiff Dimery's exhibits rather than customary numbers, and numbers were assigned to defendant Ulster's exhibits rather than letters. Accordingly, care should be exercised in noting reference to exhibits to avoid confusion as to whether they are plaintiff's or defendant's exhibits.

At the conclusion of the trial, a schedule for submission of briefs was ordered. All briefs and reply briefs were filed as of April 12, 2000.

Dimery's claims that there was a substantial profit realized from the venture depended on a host of assumptions as to how the agreement should be construed and how various sales and transactions should be treated for accounting purposes. Plaintiff's exhibits XX-1 to XX-19 are a series of accountings prepared by Dimery's accountant, each of which assumes that a particular asset or transaction is to be treated in a certain manner as plaintiff contends.

Similarly, Ulster, over an extended period furnished at Dimery's and/or counsel's request, a series of accountings showing substantial losses, none of which seem to be particularly consistent (Exhibits 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14). In addition, Ulster had an independent accounting prepared by an outside firm (Exhibit 29). Both accountants basically indicated at trial that they prepared the accountings based upon information and assumptions they were given by their respective clients or counsel.

In the case of Dimery, the accountant made assumptions how certain transactions should be treated so that the joint venture appeared to make a substantial profit. In the case of Ulster, the assumption was to treat the joint venture agreement as fully effective and to credit amounts as Ulster had done in its records which then shows a huge loss. There is a difference of as much as 1½ to 2 million dollars between Dimery's claim there was a profit and Ulster's claim there was a loss.

The result is a real dilemma for the Court, which was discussed with counsel at the conclusion of the trial. Since the respective accountings assume various facts, a proper accounting, fair to both parties and resulting in a proper bottom line figure, can only be reached by first making findings of fact or legal rulings on each item in dispute, and then preparing a proper final accounting based upon those findings and rulings. There is no way that justice

could be accomplished in this case by accepting one accounting and rejecting the other since both are seriously flawed.

As discussed with counsel at the conclusion of the trial, plaintiff Dimery's brief was to clearly address each major item in her various accountings favorable to her position and defendant Ulster was to clearly address each item raised by Dimery. Unfortunately, the briefs tended to mix various items to be determined and this has resulted in making it difficult for the Court to avoid repetition and to render a clear and concise decision as in the normal course.

It was agreed that once the Court has made its findings on each item, the accountants will work together to prepare an amended accounting which will reflect the rulings of the Court. The resultant numbers will then be included in a judgment to be entered in accordance with the Court's findings and decisions and the accountants' joint amended accounting.

It is now the Court's duty and responsibility to weigh all the evidence in this unusual case and to determine the validity of Dimery's various claims. In considering the overall picture, the Court will also examine the agreement as to its fundamental fairness both as a short term agreement and more importantly its effect as a long term agreement.

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

<u>PLAINTIFF'S POINT I</u> - The deed from plaintiff to defendant was a mortgage.

There is a general body of law in some states where a lender making a loan on real estate holds title as security for the loan. This is usually known as a deed in trust.

In New York, however, title is normally conveyed and a mortgage is given back as security with both instruments to be recorded simultaneously. There are, however, some occasions in New York when a particular transaction may have the characteristics of a mortgage although not designated as such. In those cases, the court's, upon appropriate proof, have held the parties relationship to be that of mortgagor and mortgagee as in the several cases cited by plaintiff in support of her position that the deeds to Ulster should be deemed to create a mortgagor-mortgagee relationship.

Were this an original transaction cast solely in terms of specific indebtedness and with retention of title by Ulster, plaintiff's arguments might merit some serious consideration. However, given the plaintiff's history of not making a single payment on the original mortgages for over two years and giving a dishonored check at closing, the Court finds the agreement of March 1, 1985, Exhibit A, was in fact a work out agreement and a new joint venture. This work-out was a substantial concession to plaintiff who was seriously in default. This agreement allowed her to stay in possession which was highly unusual. There is no rational explanation in the lengthy record in this case for non-payment for over two years and no effort to make even a partial payment in some reasonable amount.

Under these circumstances, the Bank was free to make such terms and conditions as it deemed appropriate as witnessed by the specific terms of the agreement. Fixing the amount of the accumulated debt in a work-out agreement and embarking on a new joint venture will not be construed as simply continuing a mortgage debt and maintaining a mortgagor-mortgagee relationship. This is especially true where plaintiff was put in the position of sharing in a potential profit from the venture. The setting of the amount of indebtedness in the agreement was not for the purpose of recasting the mortgage as plaintiff claims. It was rather as Mr. St. John testified necessary to fix the debt in order to determine whether or not there would be a profit at the end of the venture.

At the time plaintiff expressly conveyed title to the Bank in the agreement, she specifically acknowledged ownership of Ulster free and clear of any claims, defenses, reservations or obligations.

In effect, plaintiff is seeking to disavow Ulster's ownership by asking this Court to find the deed to be a mortgage. This would be in contravention of her acknowledgment of Ulster's ownership.

If there were other factors present to form a basis to attack the validity of the agreement, it might be a different story, however, we have here an astute and intelligent plaintiff who proposed the joint development of the Valley property to Ulster and voluntarily agreed to the terms set forth in the agreement.

While some of the provisions in the agreement in hindsight turned out to be onerous over the long term, they were not unreasonable for the five month time frame suggested by plaintiff and set forth in the agreement. There is no basis to set aside the agreement or to find the original agreement fraudulent and nonbinding on the plaintiff.

During the trial, the Court indicated it was inclined to view the agreement in plaintiff's own words as creating a joint venture.

Plaintiff's complaint, paragraph 9, states that "the parties undertook a joint venture pursuant to the Agreement to subdivide and develop parcels on Union Valley Road." Accordingly, by her own admission plaintiff considered this a joint venture at the time her complaint was drafted and served.

Whether one calls it a joint venture or work-out agreement or whatever else, there is a clear intent to place title in Ulster and plaintiff knowingly acknowledged ownership in Ulster free and clear of any claims, defenses, reservations or obligations. Plaintiff cannot now be heard to claim the arrangement was that of mortgagor-mortgagee.

To declare, on the special and unusual facts in this case, that the deeds should be considered a mortgage would require the application of equitable principles. One who seeks equity must do equity. Having issued a bad check at closing and having failed to pay even one single penny on four mortgages for two years, plaintiff cannot be considered as coming to this litigation with clean hands. As stated in *Pecorella v. Greater Buffalo Press*, 107 AD2d 1064, 1065:

"Finally, and extremely relevant to the instant case, the party seeking equity must do equity, i.e., he must come into court with clean hands (Grosch v. Kessler, 256 NY 477; Haskins v. Thomajan, 99 AD2d 463; Muscarella v. Muscarella, 93 AD2d 993). The misconduct which will bar equitable relief need not be sufficient to

constitute the basis of a legal action; any willful conduct 'which would be condemned and pronounced wrongful by honest and fair-minded men, will be sufficient to make the hands of the applicant unclean' (20 NY Jur, Equity, § 107) as long as the conduct pertains to the matter in litigation (Agati v Agati, 59 NY2d 830; Seagirt Realty Corp. v Chazanof, 13 NY2d 282, 285-286)."

The agreement of March 1, 1985 which Dimery asks the Court to construe as creating a mortgagor-mortgagee relationship is unambiguous. It clearly envisioned that Dimery would convey title to all four parcels to Ulster and that she would acknowledge title in "Ulster free and clear of any claims, defenses, reservations or obligations."

As a general rule, a court should not re-write a contract without a valid basis to do so.

"The jurisdiction of equity to grant specific performance of contracts, or to reform or cancel them in a proper case, is well settled. However, in the absence of fraud, mistake, duress or undue influence, bad faith, unconscionable conduct, or the like, a court of equity will not disturb contract rights as evidenced by a writing which purports to express the intention or will of the parties to the agreement. Stability of contract obligations must not be undermined by judicial sympathy. A court of equity is not at liberty to revise or rewrite a contract while professing to construe it. Equity should not intrude itself where knowledgeable parties contract and where they have not been overborne by actions of the other party.". 55 NY Jur 2d Equity § 60 and cases cited.

For the above reasons, this Court as a matter of discretion declines to find the deed or deeds from plaintiff to defendant to be mortgages. However, the Court in declining to exercise its equity powers regarding this initial issue raised in plaintiff's brief does not intend to foreclose the application of equitable principles with respect to other issues raised during the trial. As stated in 55 NY Jur 2d Equity § 60:

"Also, a court of equity may devise a remedy that extends or exceeds the terms of a prior agreement between the parties if it is necessary to make the injured parties whole."

<u>PLAINTIFF'S POINT II</u> – The agreement between plaintiff and defendant is void for lack of consideration.

Plaintiff's argument that the agreement lacked consideration is without merit. Defendant gave up its right to occupy and to sell plaintiff's residence. It undertook to advance monies on behalf of the joint venture and to pay taxes and insurance on her residence. Other provisions in the agreement for plaintiff's benefit also constituted ample consideration.

<u>PLAINTIFF'S POINT III</u> - The agreement between plaintiff and defendant was modified.

This point is somewhat complicated since it requires consideration of several alleged modifications.

Initially, it is obvious that the parties continued to operate under the March 1, 1985 agreement for many years until all the Valley property was finally sold. St.

John acknowledged that the agreement was extended by the parties conduct (TR 962).1

With respect to calculation of interest, plaintiff claims that Ulster furnished accountings based upon simple interest as distinguished from monthly compounded interest. This is confirmatory of plaintiff's testimony that interest was discussed and modified to call for simple interest. Accordingly, the Court determines that the agreement was in fact modified in this regard to provide for simple rather than compound interest. This would be a logical modification of a five month agreement providing for 13½% interest compounded monthly which if performance took place within that time or a reasonable time thereafter would not be unduly burdensome. However, in this case, where the agreement and the obligation has continued for over fifteen years, compounding interest monthly at 13½% per annum would be truly unjust.

Dimery also argues in this point that the agreement was modified to eliminate her obligation to pay rent. Once again noting the short, five month term of the agreement, the provision for monthly rental of One Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy Eight and 70/100 Dollars (\$1,878.75) per month was perhaps not unreasonable. It appears that this unusual number for a rental amount bore a relation to the monthly interest on the indebtedness on the Lake property. The fact that rental was not shown in the Bank's accountings until after litigation was commenced is a persuasive indication that the agreement was modified to eliminate the rental payment during the joint venture.

References to "TR" are to the transcript of the non-jury trial.

This modification to eliminate rental, however, cannot equitably be continued beyond the term of the joint venture for it is only fair that once the venture ended with the sale to Reymert in March, 1991 and Dimery failed to purchase the Lake property as provided in the agreement for \$150,000.00, she should in all fairness be required to pay rental. It is not unreasonable at this point in time that she should pay interest on the mortgage as well as the rental which was set and agreed to in the original agreement.

The value of the Lake property was described when the venture ended as at least twice the amount of the mortgage if not substantially more, therefore, the interest on the Lake property plus the rental figure the parties agreed upon would at that point constitute an approximate and reasonable charge from March, 1991 forward. This is especially true since Dimery had occupied the premises without any payment of interest since December, 1983 or rent since March 1, 1985.

<u>PLAINTIFF'S POINT IV</u> - The arrangement between the parties was not a joint venture.

This point has already been addressed above. As noted, Dimery in her complaint characterized the parties' arrangement as "a joint venture pursuant to the agreement to subdivide and develop parcels on Union Valley Road." This Court believes under the special facts disclosed in this three week trial and the seriously delinquent mortgages involved that the agreement was a work-out of the delinquency and the establishment of a joint venture as alleged in her complaint. The cases cited by Dimery are not applicable to the facts in this case. The reservation of control was a reasonable provision given the long history

of non-payment. As noted hereinabove, the Court declines to hold that the agreement simply established a mortgagor-mortgagee relationship.

<u>PLAINTIFF'S POINT V</u> - The agreement with Loma Builders constituted a sale at the time it was entered into.

This argument is similar to the argument in Point I and plaintiff now asks the Court to examine the Loma transaction and hold that it was a de facto sale and should be treated as creating a mortgagor-mortgagee relationship. The Loma transaction, unlike the workout and joint venture agreement of March 1, 1985 (Exhibit A), was an original transaction which as plaintiff argues bore many of the features associated with a mortgage. While Ulster argues that it should be construed as an option to buy each lot, it can legitimately be argued that the per lot price constitutes a release figure to release each lot. A major factor in this transaction was the assumption of road installation costs by Loma. This was a substantial obligation and certainly consistent with a sale as opposed to a mere option. Similarly, the apportioning of taxes to the date of the agreement and assuming the obligations to pay future taxes are consistent with a sale. If this were construed as an option, Loma would be paying \$37,500.00, future taxes as well as road installation costs for a mere option. Assumption of these heavy obligations by Loma is indicative of a de facto, sale and the Court so holds. There are sufficient incidents of ownership vested in Loma to logically reach this conclusion (see, Bean v. Walker, 95 AD2d 70 [1983]). It is also relevant that Ulster assigned a mortgage number to the account and referred at times to the transaction as a mortgage. Accordingly, the entire price of \$375,000.00 should be credited to the joint venture as of the date of the agreement.

Ulster is correct that when the Loma transaction, which was extended timewise, finally fell apart, the joint venture account would have to be adjusted to reflect only the sums actually received and to add back as a debit the portion of the \$375,000.00 that was never received. This adjustment will need to be made during phase two of the trial when the accountants are to revise the accounting to reflect the determinations made herein. To the extent that Dimery claims credit for \$375,000.00 without adjustment for amounts never received she is incorrect. She cannot legitimately claim credit for sums never received.

<u>PLAINTIFF'S POINT VI</u> – Defendant under-reported the Reymert Construction Corp. transactions.

Dimery claims that Ulster failed to credit the joint venture with all the funds received from the Reymert transactions. Noticeably absent from the trial were contracts, deeds and testimony of relevant witnesses which would clearly document these claims. Nor can the Court find any basis to conclude that various lots were sold twice and not accounted for. The title search (Exhibit 28) offers no clear evidence which would in any manner confirm these allegations. In fact, it was admitted at trial that plaintiff's accountant was told to assume that there had been multiple sales and unreported sales and to prepare his original accounting on that basis.

Without belaboring the point, the Court concludes that the Reymert transactions are accurately reflected in the trial record and explained in Ulster's brief. Plaintiff's brief even arrives at two different amounts claimed as credits to the joint venture (pp 38, 45). At the trial, Ulster explained the sale of each lot and there was no credible

evidence presented by plaintiff that would indicate Ulster sold any lots twice and failed to account for the proceeds.

Tax records, an affidavit that reflects balances in a different time frame, and use of inappropriate forms to reflect transactions and various other items submitted at trial do not rise to the level of proof required to sustain these claims. The fact that Ulster independently financed construction of houses on the lots was presumptively beneficial to the joint venture since it was to assist in obtaining payoff of the Reymert mortgage. It appears that the bank lost money on these construction loans when they were not repaid.

Dimery has chosen to accuse Ulster of making false documents and suspicious entries and funneling monies without presenting any credible evidence. The failure to call witnesses who might support her claims and the presentation of unpersuasive miscellaneous items at trial does not meet the burden of proof to establish fraud by clear and convincing evidence as hereinafter discussed. Furthermore, the history of this problem development does not support a claim that the Reymert transactions would ever generate the sum of \$870,000.00 as Dimery claims. It was a difficult subdivision and it took three different purchases to finally dispose of the lots.

<u>PLAINTIFF'S POINT VII</u> - The Court should quiet title to the Lakefront property.

Dimery is correct in noting that she owned a separate lakefront parcel which was never a part of the dealings with the bank. Accordingly, judgment may be entered herein reflecting that she is vested with sole and exclusive title to this parcel.

PLAINTIFF'S POINT VIII - The defendant committed fraud.

In order to sustain a claim of fraud Dimery must prove fraud by clear and convincing evidence (see, Simcuski v Saeli, 44 NY2d 442 [1978], Rudman v Cowles Communications, 30 NY2d 1 (1972), 60 N.Y. Juris 2nd §236; see also, Pattern Jury Instructions 1:64 and cases cited).

While there were many loose ends and extremely sloppy legal work and use of inappropriate forms, failure to timely record instruments and many other shortcomings as noted in plaintiff's brief, none of these individually or collectively constitute proof of fraud by clear and convincing evidence. At best, Dimery builds a series of suppositions and inferences to arrive at the conclusion that Ulster received a total of \$870,000.00 from the Revmert transaction. Given the difficult nature of this subdivision. with its wetlands and drainage problems and its prior history with Loma, it is difficult to believe that Reymert would have paid this huge sum of money for these lots and then allowed a foreclosure proceeding. Once again, it was crucial for Dimery to call principals from Reymert or those with knowledge to support her theory that she was defrauded. Reliance on use of purchase money mortgage forms where other documents also refer to these mortgages as building loans is not evidence that fraud was committed by Ulster.

Ulster's foreclosure proceedings were bizarre to say the least. To begin with, there is absolutely no explanation why Dimery was allowed to go two years without a single payment of any amount on her mortgages. Foreclosure proceedings are normally brought in the county where the property is located. Who decided to bring the proceeding in Ulster County was never disclosed nor explained. In any event, this issue is moot since as a part of the agreement of March 1, 1985, Dimery voluntarily entered into a joint venture and deeded her property to the bank. There was consideration as noted hereinabove and the parties embarked on their joint venture as admitted by Dimery. The fact that for many reasons the venture did not generate funds to pay off her indebtedness does not establish fraud even were the burden of proof simply by a preponderance of the evidence.

The Court will now deal with other issues raised in Point VIII.

Plaintiff claims that "the defendant swept additional, unmortgaged property," into the so-called "pot" and that plaintiff is entitled to a credit for the value of the larger improved Valley parcel which was not foreclosed. Ulster claims that through a clerical error this portion of the Valley property was omitted from the foreclosure. This is another example of the sloppy and incompetent legal work involved in this joint venture.

However, the evidence is clear that Dimery chose to mortgage the entire Valley property. To think for a moment that Ulster would loan the total funds involved on a narrow strip, part of a former railroad bed consisting of a few acres, is ludicrous. The omission from the foreclosure proceeding was corrected when Dimery voluntarily entered the joint venture agreement of March 1, 1985 and deeded all four parcels, including the larger improved Valley parcel, to Ulster. She cannot legitimately claim that somehow she should be credited with the full value of a

parcel which was always intended to be a part of their venture. This was not a new and separate parcel as she tries to argue, for which she should be entitled to a separate credit. There is no basis for this Court to conclude that a credit should be given her for the entire value of the improved parcel which was part of the Valley property.

Plaintiff claims that the summary proceeding was part of the alleged fraud. This Court removed the Justice Court proceeding to this Court to be dealt with herein. Once again Dimery is ignoring the agreement of March 1, 1985. Whatever the form of the proceedings, the substance of the agreement is clearly set forth in paragraph 7:

"7. In the event that ULSTER, in its sole discretion, determines that DIMERY is not in full compliance with all the provisions, conditions and obligations undertaken under this Agreement, then in such case ULSTER may give DIMERY a 30 day written notice that this Agreement is terminated and that DIMERY shall vacate said premises. If all the parcels set forth in Schedule A of this Agreement are not disposed of under this Agreement on or before August 1, 1985, then this provision as to the use and occupancy of parcels III and IV by DIMERY shall terminate and DIMERY shall vacate said premises unless the parties hereto consent in writing to some other alternative as to this item."

Once again careless legal work and terminology do not constitute fraud. Whoever determined to bring a summary proceeding alleging a month-to-month tenancy and a holdover obviously failed to read the plain language set forth above. Ulster, under the terms of the agreement, needed only to give Dimery a 30-day termination notice

and then to seek judicial assistance should she fail to vacate.

Dimery's argument that Ulster's only remedy would have been a foreclosure proceeding is without merit since as held above this was a joint venture and not a continuation of a mortgagor-mortgagee relationship.

<u>PLAINTIFF'S POINT IX</u> - There has been no correct accounting from defendant.

The Court fully agrees with this general statement but finds that Dimery has also failed to submit a proper accounting. This Point IX is a summary, in effect, of Dimery's claims.

It is the Court's intention to furnish rulings and determinations herein which will allow for preparation of a proper and fair accounting, regardless of what the final balance may be and in whose favor. The end result can only be determined in phase two of the trial after the accountants confer and prepare their joint revised accounting for the Court.

Addressing plaintiff's arguments which are in the nature of a summary in this Point IX as set forth in lettered paragraphs, the Court rules as follows:

- A. The Court agrees that interest should be simple interest per annum. To charge interest compounded monthly for fifteen years as opposed to for 5 months as originally agreed would be unfair and inequitable.
- B. The Court agrees with Dimery that there appears to have been a modification of the agreement to eliminate rent as the joint venture

progressed. This may have been some consideration for her extensive efforts on behalf of the joint venture. However, once the agreement terminated with the Reymert sale in March, 1991 and Dimery failed to purchase her house for \$150,000.00, well below the market value and having never paid anything for nine years, she should be held accountable for the rental amount set in the agreement from that date forward.

- C. The Court agrees that Dimery should not be charged with real estate taxes paid by Loma or Reymert.
- D. Dimery presents an alternate argument here that she should be credited with her equity above the mortgage with respect to the improved Valley property. Her equity is established in the record from an appraisal of the property at \$260,000.00 (Exhibit QQ) and the mortgage balance on this parcel of \$133,600.00. The difference constituted the equity which she contributed to the joint venture. It appears logical and fair that she should be credited in the accounting with her equity in this property.

In reaching this conclusion, the Court is mindful of Ulster's incompetence in omitting this parcel from the foreclosure as well as the many other errors and omissions disclosed during the trial. Basic equity and fairness dictates that Dimery should receive some consideration in this regard.

E. The Court agrees that the \$375,000.00 on the Loma transaction should be credited as a sale, however, the unpaid balance must be added back to the indebtedness to Ulster when the Loma transaction folded.

- F. The Reymert funds were properly credited by Ulster and Dimery has failed to prove the multiple sales and transactions she claims took place.
- G. Dimery conveyed the Lake property to Ulster on March 1, 1985. A review of the deed, Exhibit 28, reveals no reservation by Dimery of the right to any futher [sic] condemnation proceeds. The proceeds of a 1994 road widening condemnation by New York State have been held subject to resolution of the parties' claims herein. Since Dimery did not own the property at that time, she cannot claim the condemnation proceeds. However, the proceeds should be paid to Ulster together with interest, if any, and reflected in the joint venture accounting as a credit.
- H. Dimery fails to prove that there were multiple sales of Lot 4. Assessors records do not rise to the level of proof required. Once again, the Court notes plaintiff's failure to call any witnesses with personal knowledge who could support this claim.
- I. Plaintiff is not entitled to claim interest on the \$375,000.00 Loma transaction. It did not eliminate the indebtedness due the joint venture and as noted she cannot claim credit for the amount that was ultimately not paid and which must be added back to the indebtedness. Plaintiff's other arguments are without merit.
- J. There is nothing the Court is aware of in the record with regard to loss of use of the Lakefront parcel or any testimony which would establish an amount or basis for the award of any damages.

100

K. There is no basis to award Dimery costs and expenses of this litigation. Whatever expenses have been incurred have resulted in her occupancy of the property without any payment for more than fifteen years. While charging that Ulster has dragged her through this litigation, she fails to take responsibility for a self-created situation which should and could have been resolved with some reasonable degree of cooperation and with some degree of reasonable objectivity.

L. Dimery has failed to prove fraud and there is no basis for an award of punitive damages. This is especially true where the bank was extremely liberal in the manner in which it treated Dimery as compared to any other mortgagor. Normally, a bank would have pounced upon a mortgagor-debtor much sooner and more harshly than in this case. It was highly unusual for a bank to enter a joint venture with a debtor and thus afford Dimery some reasonable opportunity to pay off her indebtedness. At the same time the bank advanced substantial funds toward development and other expenses. Under these circumstances to seek and ask for punitive damages is like biting the hand that feeds you. There are no grounds in this case that would rise to a level which would in any way justify this Court in imposing a punitive damage award.

<u>PLAINTIFF'S POINT X</u> - The Court should impose a constructive trust. Since plaintiff Dimery has failed to prove fraud, there is no basis for imposing a constructive trust.

CONCLUSION

The summary proceeding removed to this Court from Justice Court, Putnam Valley, will be held in abeyance pending the revision of this accounting and the results thereof.

The accountants are directed to confer and to prepare a joint account consistent with the rulings herein and to submit the same to the Court and to the parties on or before July 14, 2000. A conference is scheduled for August 15, 2000 at which time counsel shall settle, on notice, a proposed judgment based upon the determinations herein rendered.

This shall constitute the decision and interim order of the Court.

/s/ S. Barrett Hickman
S. BARRETT HICKMAN, J.S.C.

DATED: May 19, 2000 Carmel, New York **Ulster Savings Bank**

280 WALL STREET • BOX 3337 • KINGSTON, N. Y. 12401 • 914 338-6060

June 5, 1989

Mrs. A. Larraine Dimery Box 338 South Lake Boulevard Mahopac, NY 10542

Dear Mrs. Dimery:

As you know we have been negotiating for several months in connection with your request for a loan of seventy-five hundred dollars (7,500.00) to take care of some of your personal needs. As I indicated to you before our Board was most reluctant to make any such loan particularly in view of the past history of your obligations with Ulster Savings Bank. However, at you [sic] insistence, I once again talked to the Committee about such an arrangement and they have agreed to make the loan to you based on extention [sic] of your contract with Ulster Savings dated March 1, 1985 and your reduction on any "profit" from 33½ to 25%.

Since you are not represented by an attorney in any of these negotiations, I would respectfully urge you and request that you obtain services of an independent attorney to review the agreement to see that you [sic] rights are fully protected. Through out these negotiations [sic] I have acted solely on behalf of Ulster Savings Bank and as the Chairman of that Bank, I have no duty and or obligation to protect your interests, since they are necessarily adversarial to the Bank.

If you decide to proceed without submitting agreement for review by your attorney, I would ask that you sign a

copy of this letter at the bottom, acknowledging my recommendation to you.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Howard C. St. John Howard C. St. John Chairman-CEO

HCStJ:apg

DEFENDANT'S EXHIBIT 5

Ulster Savings Bank

280 WALL STREET • BOX 3337 • KINGSTON, N. Y. 12401 • 914 338-6060

April 25, 1991

Mrs. Alice Dimery P.O. Box 338 Mahopac, NY 10542

Dear Mrs. Dimery:

I'm enclosing herewith a report given to me by our mortgage department of all of the funds received by Ulster Savings Bank on property owned by it as a result of the foreclosure of your mortgages to the Bank, together with a list of all of the expenses incurred by the bank in managing and selling their properties. As you can see there is still a shortfall of seventy-thousand two hundred eighty seven dollars and fifty-two cents (\$70,287.52) after the sale of all of the properties (except the Lake Carmel property) which was originally mortgaged by you to the Bank.

If you have any questions concerning any portion of this accounting, please feel free to contact Mr. John Schussler.

It now becomes necessary for us to sell our remaining piece of property which is currently being occupied by you. I once again offer to you the opportunity to purchase this property for the appraised value. In the event this does not prove of interest to you, we will need possession of the property so that we may place it on the open market.

All of the foregoing information is provided you without any acknowledgement of any legal rights to this

information, or to any other aspect of these transactions. This information is provided to you solely as a matter of courtesy, without any legal implications flowing there from.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Howard C. St. John Howard C. St. John Chairman-CEO

HCStJ:apg

Enc.

AMOUNTS RECEIVED

6/9/87	\$37,500.00	CAINO DOWNPAYMENT
9/6/89	\$150,000.00	SALE OF LOTS 2&3
8/18/90	\$60,000.00	SALE OF LOT 4
	\$247,500.00	

12/13/89 SALE OF UNION VALLEY ROAD HOUSE

SELLING PRICE	\$230,351.25
BROKER	-13,740.00
ACCTS/RECEIVABLE	-1,755.50
NET AMOUNT	\$214.855.75

3/26/91 SALE OF BALANCE OF SUBDIVISION TO REYMERT

\$270,000.00

INTEREST PAID BY CAINO \$72,936.89 RENTS PAID UNION VALLEY ROAD \$22,804.00

TOTAL RECEIVED \$828,096.64

App. 91

ORE BLAANCES [sic]	LAKE SHORE BLVD. UNION VALLEY ROAD	\$190,665.76 168,022.39 \$358,688.15
TAXES PAID		\$92,210.42
ACCOUNTS REC	CEIVABLE SUBDIVISION	\$131,057.44
INTEREST DUE	SOUTH LAKE BLVD.	\$167,558.72
INTEREST DUE	UNION VALLEY ROAD	\$110,498.18
INTEREST DUE	ON TAXES	\$16,218.74
INTEREST DUE	ON RECEIVABLES	\$22,152.51
TOTAL DUE TO	ULSTER SAVINGS BANK	\$898,384.16
AMOUNT DUE A	ND OWING	\$70,287.52

DEFENDANT'S EXHIBIT 15

Schussler's Hand Written "1989 ORE Activity" Sheet undated

Beginning 1/1/89

Dimery #1 96,100
Dimery #2 147,600

8/30/89 Brissette transferred to ORE
49,533.62

12/13/89 Dimery #1 sold to
Daniel Moloney for \$229,000
ORE Balance to \$0.

12/28/89 Brissette sold to
Richard Sears for
\$60,500 ORE Balance to \$0.

DEFENDANT'S EXHIBIT 16

Schussler's Hand Written "1989 ORE Activity" Sheet undated

2220-000	Deferred Profit ORE	_
	Beginning Balance	32,549.40
	Zolta ass. Accrual	-3,261.92
	Dimery Profit	106,042.56
	Brissette Profit	10,356.34
		\$145,686.38
3080-001	Income ORE	
	Crespi (land contract)	281.94
	Burnham Woods	12,870.53
	Brennie (JTT)	469.80
	Tessier	48,386.43
	total	\$62,008.70

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Ulster Savings Bank

BOX 3337 • 280 WALL STREET • KINGSTON, NY 12401 914 338-6060

February 5, 1985

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bay 143 A Union Valley Road Mahopac, New York 10541

> Re: Rental Due on Premises Now Owned by Ulster Savings Bank

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Bay:

Mr. Ronder, attorney for Ulster Savings Bank, has advised me that as of a recent conversation, he has requested on behalf of Ulster Savings Bank that you send to the bank the monthly rental on the premises you occupy that has now been acquired by Ulster Savings Bank by reason of foreclosure against A. Laraine Dimery the former owner. The prior understanding with Mrs. Dimerv is terminated by reason of the foreclosure. However, the bank is willing to permit you to remain on the premises on a month to month basis until written notice by either party as to a termination of the arrangement. The monthly rental is \$950.00 with you paying your own utilities, heat and water. The bank will pay the real estate taxes and will maintain its own fire insurance policy on the structure. We suggest you maintain your own insurance on your contents.

We understand that your prior lease had an option to purchase which, as noted above, is of no legal force and effect. The bank would be pleased to talk with you if you are desirous of purchasing the property. If you are not interested in purchasing the property, this is to advise you that it is currently the bank's intention to effectuate a sale of the same in the near future.

The foreclosure took place on December 18, 1984. Therefore, using the 18th of each month as a monthly anniversary date, we look forward to receipt of \$2,850.00 from you on or before February 18, 1985 with an additional \$950.00 the 18th of each month thereafter. Because of your present satisfactory occupation of the premises, we are not requesting any security from you at this time. However, we do reserve the right to alter that provision as well as the provision for rent and any other provisions of this understanding on 30 days written notice.

If you have any security with Mrs. Dimery, we suggest that you contact her for the refund of same. If you have any questions concerning this matter, please contact me immediately.

> Very truly yours, ULSTER SAVINGS BANK

By /s/ John F. Schussler JOHN F. SCHUSSLER Loan Servicing Officer

/pab

Ulster Savings Bank

BOX 3337 • 280 WALL STREET • KINGSTON, NY 12401 914 338-6060

February 6, 1985

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Porcelli 143 B Union Valley Road Mahopac, New York 10541

> Re: Rental Due on Premises Now Owned by Ulster Savings Bank

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Porcelli:

Mr. Ronder, attorney for Ulster Savings Bank, has advised me that as of a recent conversation, he has requested on behalf of Ulster Savings Bank that you send to the bank the monthly rental on the premises you occupy that has now been acquired by Ulster Savings Bank by reason of foreclosure against A. Laraine Dimery the former owner. The prior understanding with Mrs. Dimery is terminated by reason of the foreclosure. However, the bank is willing to permit you to remain on the premises on a month to month basis until written notice by either party as to a termination of the arrangement. The monthly rental is \$425.00 with you paying your own utilities, heat and water. The bank will pay the real estate taxes and will maintain its own fire insurance policy on the structure. We suggest you maintain your own insurance on your contents.

The foreclosure took place on December 18, 1984. Therefore, using the 18th of each month as a monthly anniversary date, we look forward to receipt of \$1,275.00 from you on or before February 18, 1985 with an additional \$425.00 the 18th of each month thereafter. Because of your present satisfactory occupation of the premises, we

are not requesting any security from you at this time. However, we do reserve the right to alter that provision as well as the provision for rent and any other provisions of this understanding on 30 days written notice.

If you have any security with Mrs. Dimery, we suggest that you contact her for the refund of same. If you have any questions concerning this matter, please contact me immediately.

Very truly yours,

/s/ John F. Schussler
JOHN F. SCHUSSLER
Loan Servicing Officer

JFS/mjr

The POLICY PERIOD shall begin and end, at the Location of Property involved, as indicated below (See reverse side for additional policy provisions).

ALLSTATE INSURANCE COMPANY

DECLARATIONS MEMORANDUM COPY

ISSUED 01-25-94

0 33 738777 11/05 BEGINS ON NOV 5, 1993

ENDS ON NOV 5, 1994

AMENDED - JAN 25, 1994

A LARAINE DIMERY 12 01 A.M. STANDARD TIME

BOX 338 SO LAKE BLVD MAHOPAC FALLS NY 10542-0338

DWELLING IS OF FRAME CONSTRUCTION AND OCCUPIED BY 1 FAMILY

Name and

Address CLERK OF SUPREME COURT COUNTY OF

of First PUTNAM

Mortgagee 40 GLENEIDA AVE

CARMEL NY 10512-1703

The following coverages and limits of liability apply as shown below. If the word "amended" followed by a date appears above, the insurance applies only from that date.

POLICY COVERAGES AND LIMITS OF LIABILITY

A DWELLING PROTECTION

(REPLACEMENT GUARANTEE) \$356,044

10% ADDITIONAL PROTECTION PROVIDED

FOR OTHER STRUCTURES

C PERSONAL PROPERTY PROTECTION

REPLACEMENT COST 249,231

LOSS OF USE OF

ACTUAL LOSS SUSTAINED

YOUR RESIDENCE

X FAMILY LIABILITY EACH OCCURRENCE

100,000

GUEST MEDICAL

EACH PERSON

PAYMENTS

1,000

WB WATER BACK-UP

500

WC WORKERS' COMPENSATION

PRIVATE RESIDENCE EMPLOYEE(S)

INCLUDED IN TOTAL OCCASIONAL CLASS POLICY PREMIUM

THE PROPERTY INSURANCE ADJUSTMENT COND TION APPLIES USING THE BOECKH PUBLICATIONS BUILDING COST INDEX DEVELOPED BY AMERICAN APPRAISAL ASSOCIATES, INC.

LOSS DEDUCTIBLE(S) APPLICABLE \$1000 ALL PERIL DEDUCTIBLE APPLIES TO COVERAGE(S) A & C

\$250 WATER BACK-UP DEDUCTIBLE APPLIES SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING FORMS

AND ENDORSEMENTS

AU2069 DELUXE HOMEOWNERS POLICY

AU9616-3 AMENDATORY ENDORSEMENT AU1599-2 WATER BACK-UP ENDORSEMENT

DECLARATIONS SUPPLEMENT PAGE AU233-1

AU1558-1 AMENDATORY ENDORSEMENT

POLICY DOCUMENTS

- Deluxe Policy form AP316
- Amendment of Policy Provisions form AP521
- Bldg. Struct. Reimb. Ext. Limits End. form AP693
- Declarations Supplement Pg (New York) form AU233-1
- New York Amendatory Endorsement form AP497-1
- New York Water Back-Up Endorsement form AP545

MORTGAGEE(S)

Workers Comp/Employer
 Liability End. form
 AU1558-1

FIRST:

CLERK OF SUPREME COURT COUNTY OF

PUTNAM

40 Gleneida Ave Carmel NY 10512-1703

MESSAGE(S)

Do not pay. Insured has been billed

OFFICE USE SPACE

MORTGAGEE SHORT CODE #

[PUTNAM COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE

Oct 1 SEP 31 9 44 AM '99]

CODE OF THE TOWN OF CARMEL CHAPTER 50 SUBDIVISION OF LAND

Section 276 of Town Law authorizes the Planning Board to review and approve or disapprove plats for subdivisions within the Town.

The rules governing this process are known as "Subdivision Regulations of the Town of Carmel, Putnam County, New York."

The purpose of these Regulations is to insure that "all land will be subdivided in accordance with sound regulations and in accordance with a comprehensive plan.

As <u>APPLICANT</u> (THE person . . . who shall lay out, for the purpose of sale or development any subdivision or part thereof),

on September 11, 1984, I filled out and signed the Preliminary Layout Application Form for Subdivision of Land, which was submitted to the Town of Carmel Planning Board by Laurent and Clark, along with a Sketch Plan for a Lot Count of 12.

On September 19, 1984, the proposed subdivision PINE MANOR was listed on the agenda of the Town of Carmel Planning Board Meeting.

On August 25, 1987, Mrs. Peggy Moore, Planning Board Secretary, provided ONE COPY EACH of filed Map # 2252 (Pine Manor-Section I-TM 145-6-2 Union Valley Road - A/K/A DIMERY) to TOWN CLERK, BUILDING INSPECTOR, ASSESSOR.

On October 1, 1987, Mrs. Peggy Moore, Planning Board Secretary, provided The MYLAR of the overall Pine Manor Subdivision (unsigned, OWNER A.L. Dimery) to the TOWN CLERK to be kept on permanent file. Mrs. Moore advised the TOWN Clerk that the MYLAR for Section I and Section II "is signed" and on file in the County Clerk's Office.

On November 23, 1987, Mrs. Peggy Moore, Planning Board Secretary, provided ONE COPY EACH of the Pine Manor Subdivision Map on file in the County Clerk's Office as Map # 2252A to TOWN CLERK, BUILDING INSPECTOR, ASSESSOR. (OWNER A.L. DIMERY)

On April 6, 1988, the Town Engineer, George Burgess, P.E. notified the Town Planning Board that he had no objections to the approval of a revised Pine Manor Subdivision Map dated January 22, 1988, prepared by Richard H. Gorr. (OWNER A.L. DIMERY)

On June 10, 1988, Christopher Wright served a copy of the Map of Pine Manor (OWNER, A.L. DIMERY) to the Chairman Board of Assessor's, Town of Carmel, by "depositing... a copy of same securely in a post paid wrapper in the Post Office maintained by the U.S. Government at Mahopac addressed to Bob Gilmore, Chairman, Board of Assessors." (File Date, June 10, 1988)

On July 8, 1988 Mrs. Peggy Moore, Planning Board Secretary, provided ONE COPY EACH of the Subdivision Map, Pine Manor, filed in the County Clerk's Office as Map # 2252B (OWNER, A.L. DIMERY) to TOWN CLERK, BUILDING INSPECTOR, ASSESSOR.

RANDOLPH W. LAURENT, P.E. HARRY W. NICHOLS JR., P.E.

ASSOCIATES, P.C. 73 FAIRFIELD DRIVE PATTERSON, NEW YORK 12563 914-278-6108

> CONSULTING SITE ENGINEERS

June 4, 1987

Town of Carmel Environmental Conservation Board Town Hall McAlpin Avenue Mahopac, NY 10541

Att: Mr. Charles Hill, Jr., Chairman

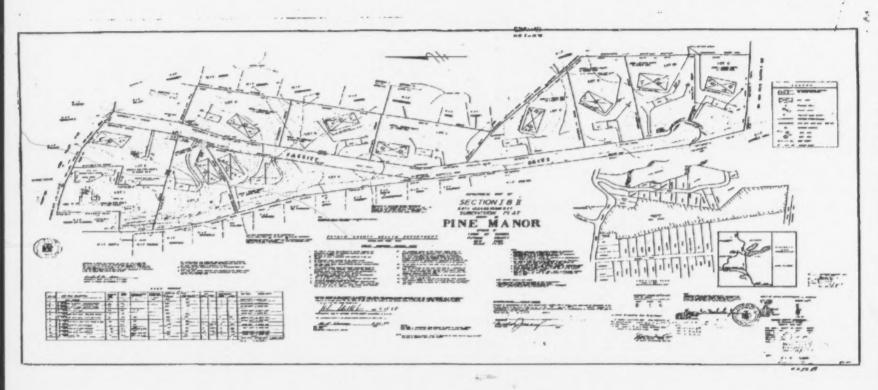
Re: Pine Manor Residential Subdivision – 11 Lots Union Valley Road Town of Carmel, New York

Dear Mr. Hill:

We are herewith submitting the following documents regarding the entire project (Sections I & II):

- Four (4) copies of Application (original submitted 3-5-87);
- Five (5) copies of the following drawings:
 P-1 "Site Layout, Grading & Utilities Plan",
 rev. 5-26-87;
 P-2 "Details & Profiles", rev. 1-13-87;
 P-3 "Profiles & Details", rev. 1-13-87.
- 3. "Type and extent of work" (item No. 7, p.2) attached to the applications;
- 4. Deed (Liber 787 Pages 1164-1167) dated 14 De 11982 (item No. 11, p.2) attached to item applications;

THE WIL THE CENTRAL LEDGER HISTORY 12-31-88	ILSTER SAVINGS BANK	Best	1-31-89 FAGE	4635 Q.4020-0
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- 5. "List of property owners within 500 feet of proposed Pine Manor Subdivision" (item No. 12, p.2) attached to the application.
- 6. Five (5) copies of Carmel ECB Minutes dated August 1, 1985 indicating that the drainage course through Lot No. 5 "be channelized into the existing channel." This document was requested at the May 7 meeting.

Upon determination by the Board of the required fees, we will forward a check in that amount immediately.

We trust the enclosed is complete and satisfactory.

Sincerely, LAURENT ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, P.C.

/s/ <u>Dick</u> Richard S. Clark /map

bcc: A.L. Dimery w/ 1 copy each
/ H.C. St. John w/1 copy each

787 1164

CONSULT YOUR LAWYER BEFORE SIGNING THIS INSTRUMENT - THIS INSTRUMENT SHOULF BE USED BY LAWYERS ONLY

THIS INDENTURE, made the 14th day of December, nineteen hundred and eighty-two BETWEEN

VINCENT ROBERTO and ALICE ROBERTO, husband and wife Union Valley Road, Mahopac, NY

party of the first part and ALICE D. [LARAINE] DIMERY, 645 Madison Avenue, New York, NY

party of the second part,

WITNESSETH, that the party of the first part, in consideration of TEN AND NO/100 (\$10.00)-----dollars, lawful money of the United States, and other good and valuable consideration paid by the party of the second part, does hereby grant and release unto the party of the second part, the heirs or successors and assigns of the party of the second part forever,

ALL that certain plot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Town of Carmel in the County of Putnam and State of New York and being more particularly bounded and described as follows:

[PARCEL I]:

BEGINNING at a point on the southerly side of Teakettle Spout Road at the division line between Lands herein being described and lands of the New York Central Railroad Company (Putnam Division) Mahopac Section; running thence along said southerly side of Teakettle Spout Road the following courses and distances: S 79° 53' 20" E 52.40 feet, S 75° 11' 10" E, 90.43 feet; S 69° 03' 40" E 145.81 feet and S 55° 23' 40" E 186.01 feet to lands now or formerly of Louis J. and Theresa Miller and a stone wall: running thence along said lands now or formerly of Louis J. and Theresa Miller and a stone wall, S 13° 06' 10" W 230.88 feet and S 71° 26' 40" E 167.12 feet to lands now or formerly of Harry Fleisher and David Schlossberg and a stone wall; running thence along said ove mentioned lands and a stone wall the following courses and distances: S 12° 55' 15" W 58.14 feet; S 11° 46' 30" W 100.02 feet; S

12° 13' 00" W 810.48 feet, S 48° 43' 31" E 62.54 feet; S 46° 15' 47" E 100.05 feet; S 47° 38' 14" E 100.00 feet; S 48° 28' 46" E 120.15 feet; S 46° 46' 57" E 49.35 feet; S 0° 07' 40" W 260.77 feet; S 1° 29' 50" E 104.10 feet; S 0° 19' 10" W 201.89 feet to a point and another stone wall; running thence along said stone wall, N 86° 13' 10" W 250.74 feet to lands of said New York Central Railroad Company (Putnam Division) Mahopac Section and a stone wall; running thence along said railroad lands and stone wall the following courses and distances: N 18° 53' 10" W 74.48 feet; N 16° 18' 20" W 207.37 feet; N 8° 55' 10" W 593.44 feet; N 8° 14' 30" W 335.10 feet; N 9° 22' 10 W 299.05 feet; N 18° 29' 00" W 374.92 feet; N 1° 44' 00" W 355.04 feet and N 1° 09' 30" E 63.36 feet to the point or place of beginning.

SUBJECT to covenants, conditions, restrictions, easements, and rights of way of public utilities of record, if any. SUBJECT ALSO to mining and mineral rights of the heirs of Phillipse. BEING the same premises conveyed by Harry M. Levy and Sylvia K. Levy to Vincent Roberto and Alice Roberto [the Grantors herein /s/ VR, AR] by deed dated February 5, 1960, and recorded February 10, 1960 in Liber 527 of Deeds at Page 203 in the Putnam County Clerk's Off ce.

[PARCEL II:]

ALSO ALL that certain plot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Town of Carmel, County of Putnam and State of New York, as being more particularly bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point being the Northeasterly corner of the premises hereinafter described, said point of beginning the point of intersection of the division line between hereinafter described premises with lands now or formerly of Vincent and Alice Roberto. Said point being further described as being the following courses and distances from the Southerly side of Teakettle Spout Road also known as Union Valley Road, to wit;

§ 1° 09' 30" W 63.36 feet and S 1° 44' 00" E 136.64 feet; Thence from said point of beginning following courses and distances: S 1° 44' 00" E 218.41 feet, S 18° 29' 00" E 374.92 feet, S 9° 22' 10" E 299.05 feet, S 8° 14' 30" E 335.10 feet, S 8° 55' 10" E 593.44 feet, S 16° 18' 20" E 207.37 feet, and S 18° 53' 10" E 74.48 feet to a point in other lands nor on formerly of Lincoln Hall. Thence along said lands on a course N 83° 03' 23" W 72.72 feet to a point and lands now or formerly of Raffa. Thence along said lands now or formerly of Raffa on a course N 17° 36' 07" W 193.42 feet, N 9° 30' 36" 36 643.09 feet and finally N 7° 23' 34" W 100.48 feet to a point and lands shown on Map No. 1 of Country Line Acres, being filed Map No. 370 in the Office of the Clerk, County of Putnam. Thence along said lands following courses and distances: N 9° 08' 30" W 108.28 feet, N 8° 13' 50" W 292.30 feet, N 10° 57' 10" W 162.41 feet, N 17° 26' 20" W 100.04 feet, N 20° 48' 50" W 100.05 feet, N 23° 02' 40" W 100.25 feet, N 13° 04' 20" W 125.27 feet, N 5° 34' 20" W 128.44 feet, N 0° 08' 08" W 45.80 feet to a point and lands now or formerly of the Town of Carmel. Thence along said lands on a course S 87° 55' 10" E, a distance of 88.98 feet to a point and place of BEGINNING.

SUBJECT to covenants, conditions, restrictions, easements and rights of way of public utilities of record. SUBJECT ALSO to mining and mineral rights of the heirs of Phillipse.

BEING the same premises conveyed by Lincoln Hall to Vincent Roberto and Alice Roberto [THE GRANTORS HEREIN /s/ VR, AR] by deed dated October 4, 1979 and recorded October 19, 1979, in Liber 765 of Deeds at Page 214 in the Putnam County Clerk's Office.

TOGETHER with all right, title and interest, if any, of the party of the first part in and to any streets and roads abutting the above described premises to the center lines thereof,

TOGETHER with the appurtenances and all the estate and rights of the party of the first part in and to said premises,

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the premises herein granted unto the party of the second part, the heirs or successors and assigns of the party of the second part forever.

AND the party of the first part covenants that the party of the first part has not done or suffered anything whereby the said premises have been incumbered in any way whatever, except as aforesaid.

AND the party of the first part, in compliance with Section 13 of the Lien Law, covenants that the party of the first part will receive the consideration for this conveyance and will hold the right to receive such consideratio. as a trust fund to be applied first for the purpose of paying the cost of the improvement and will apply the same first to the payment of the cost of the improvement before using any part of the total of the same for any other purpose.

The word "party" shall be construed as if it read "parties" whenever the sense of this indenture so requires.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the party of the first part has duly executed this deed the day and year first above written.

IN PRESENCE OF: /s/ Mitchell Rabino

/s/ Vincent Roberto VINCENT ROBERTO

/s/ Alice Roberto
ALICE ROBERTO

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF DUTCHESS SS:

On the 14th day of December 1982, before me personally came VINCENT ROBERTO and ALICE ROBERTO to me known to be the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged that they executed the same.

/s/ Gale Foster
Notary Public

GALE FOSTER

Notary Public, State of New York Resident in and for Ulster County Commission Expires March 30, 1983

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF

SS:

On the of 19, before me personally came to me known, who, being by me duly sworn, did depose and say that he resides at No.; that he is the of, the corporation described in and which executed the foregoing instrument; that he knows the seal of said corporation; that the seal affixed to said instrument is such corporate seal; that it was so affixed by order of the board of directors of said corporation, and that he signed home thereto by like order.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF

SS:

On the day of 19, before me personally came to me known to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged that they executed the same.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF

SS:

On the day of 19, before me personally came

the subscribing witness to the foregiong instrument, with whom I am personally acquainted, who, beginb by me duly sworn, did depose and say that he resides at No.

that he knows

to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing instrument; that he, said subscribing witness, was present and saw execute teh same; and that he said witness, at the same time subscribed h name as witness therto.

Bargain and Sal: Deed	Section	145	146	147
WITH COVENANT AGAINST	Block	6	1	5
GRANTOR'S ACTS	Lot	2	27	3
TITLE No. 82-40-10045 (13)	County or	Town	of Carr	nel
Vincent Roberto and Alice Roberto	Town	Count	ty of Pu	tnam

TO

RETURN BY MAIL TO:

A. Laraine Dimery

Recorded By:
USLIFE TITLE INSURANCE
Company of New York
235 Main Street

White Plains, New York 10601

Kantor, Davidoff, Winston & Wolfe, Esq. 200 Park Ave.

New York, NY Zip No. 10016

* Tax Billing Address. 645 Madison Ave. New York, NY

Reserve this space for use of Recording Office.	0995	Received \$143.00 REAL ESTATE Jan 04 1983 Transfer Putnam County
		787 1167

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF PUTNAM

In the Matter of the Application for an Order Appointing a Special District Attorney pursuant to Section 701 of the County Law to Investigate a Complaint of Conspiracy to Defraud by ALICE LARAINE DIMERY and to prosecute Any and All Charges Arising as a Result of that Investigation

AMENDED ORDER

WHEREAS, KEVIN L. WRIGHT, District Attorney of Putnam County, made application for an Order appointing a Special District Attorney pursuant to section 701 of the County law to act in the above matter, and

WHEREAS, the undersigned by Order dated March 19, 2001 appointed Pat Bonanno, Esq. as Special District Attorney, and thereafter by Order dated January 24, 2003 appointed Vincent Gelardi, Esq. as Special District Attorney, and

WHEREAS, Vincent Gelardi, Esq. has made an application to be relieved, it is hereby

ORDERED, that Vincent Gelardi, Esq. is hereby relieved as Special District Attorney in the above matter, and it is further

ORDERED, that Stephen R. Lewis, Esq., having an office at 175 Main Street, White Plains, New York 10601 is hereby appointed as Special District Attorney for all

purposes including disposition. As Special District Attorney, Stephen R. Lewis, Esq. shall possess all powers and discharge the duties of the District Attorney during the period for which he is appointed and shall act in place and stead of the District Attorney, and it is further

ORDERED, that the Board of Supervisors of Putnam County shall pay the reasonable compensation for the services of Stephen R. Lewis, Esq. which shall be in the sum of \$150.00 per hour, together with additional sums for necessary disbursements relating to the investigation and prosecution of this matter.

/s/ Francis A. Nicolai
FRANCIS A. NICOLAI
Administrative Judge
Ninth Judicial District

Dated: White Plains, New York October 14, 2003

Hon. Kevin L. Wright Putnam County District Attorney 40 Gleneida Avenue Carmel, New York 10512

Carl Lodes, Esq.
Putnam County Attorney
40 Gleneida Avenue
Carmel, New York 10512

Leonard Pace Putnam Supreme and County Courts 40 Gleneida Avenue Carmel, New York 10512

Vincent Gelardi, Esq. 2975 Westchester Avenue, Suite 207 Purchase, New York 10577

B. Type of Loan	1				
1. FHA 2. FmHA 8. Conv. Unins. 4. VA 5. Conv. Ins.		16-03542	6-6	Case Numb	er
C. Note: This form is furnished to and by the settlement ageing; they are shown here I	ent are show	n. Items marked "C	D.O.C.)" W	ere paid out	side the clos
D. Name and Address of Borrower E.				e and Addre	
Daniel Moloney Ulster Savings Banking Corpor		Bank a New York Ulster Savings Bank			
New York, NY 10021 Ca	rmel, NY 10	612	Kingsto	n. NY 12401	
G. Property Location		H. Settlement Ag			
Union Valley Road					
Putnam County, NY 10512		Place of Settlement I. Settleme Kingston, NY 12/13/89		mt Date	
J. Summary of Borrower's Transac		K. Summary of S			
100. Gross Amount Due From Borrower	1229000.00	400. Gross Amoun		Seller	1229000.00
101. Contract sales price 102. Personal property	229000.00	402. Personal prop			- AZ-DAKAG-CKI
103. Settlement charges to borrower		403.			
(line 1400)	1				1
104.		404.			
105.	1	405.			
Adjustments for items paid by seller i	in advance	Adjustments for			IFI ALCEVIANCES
106. City/town taxes to	400 000	406. City/town tax		0	48.69
107. County taxes to	48.69	407. County taxes	1.	0	48.69
108. Assessments to 109. Sch tax	1302.56				1302.56
110.	1.30/25.000	410.			
111.		411.			
112.		412.			1351.25
120. Gross Amount Due From Borrower		420. Gross Amou			
200. Amounts Paid By Or In Hehalf Of Borrower		800. Reductions In			
201. Deposit or earnest money 202. Principal amount of new loan(s)	183,200.00	501. Excess deposi 502. Settlement ch 1400)	t (see ins	seller (line	
203. Existing loan(s) taken subject to 204.		503. Existing loans 504. Payoff of first.			
205.		505. Payoff of seco	nd morts	age long	
206		508.			
207.		507			
208.		508.			
Adjustments for items unpuid by			e Con it on	in uniparied by	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	MOLIEF	510 City/town tax			- Control
210. City/town taxes to 211. County taxes to	-	511. County taxes			1
212. Assessments to	1	512 Assessments	t.		1
213.		613			
214.		514.			
215.		515.			-
216.		516.			
217.	-	517.			
218. 219.		519.			
220. Total Puid By/For Horrower		520. Total Reduct	tion Am	ount Due	
Cash At Settlement From/Fo Borrower		600. Cash At Sett Seller	lement'	To/From	
Gross Amount due from borrower (line 120)		601 Gross amount 420)	due to s	oller (line	
Less amounts paid by/for borrower (line 220)	()	602. Less reduction (line 520)	s in amt	. due seller	()
Cush [] From [] To Borrower		603. Cash [] To	C Prop	n Seller	

/s/ Daniel Moloney by [Illegible] Attorney in Fact. BORROWER(S)

......

SELLER(S)







Stephen R. Lewis, Esq. Stephens, Baroni, Reilly & Lewis, LLP Northcourt Building 175 Main Street White Plains, New York 10601

Richard H. Abelson, Esq. 30 Glenn Street White Plains, New York 10603



No. 05-1063

FILED

MAR 2 2 2006

IN THE

Supreme Court of the United States

ALICE LARAINE DIMERY,

Petitioner,

ν.

ULSTER SAVINGS BANK.

Respondent.

ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI
TO THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW YORK,
APPELLATE DIVISION, SECOND JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

BRIEF IN OPPOSITION

JOEL B. HARRIS

Counsel of Record

JOHN P. DOHERTY

NEIL T. BLOOMFIELD

THACHER PROFFITT & WOOD LLP

Two World Financial Center

New York, New York 10281

(212) 912-7400

Attorneys for Respondent



COUNTER-STATEMENT OF ISSUES PRESENTED

- 1. Is a garden-variety real estate dispute decided under state law entitled to review by this Court?
- 2. Can a Petitioner "create" a basis for review by repackaging state law claims as Constitutional issues and by misrepresenting a New York Court's decision?

RULE 29(6) STATEMENT

Ulster Savings Bank is a banking corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York as a mutual savings bank. Ulster Savings Bank has five subsidiaries, which are Robert J. Ryan, Inc., Ryan Associates of the Hudson Valley, Inc., Ulban of New York, Inc., USB Agency, Inc. and Ulster Home Mortgage, Inc. Ulster Savings Bank does not have a parent company and no publicly held company owns ten percent or more of its stock.

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OPINIONS BELOW

The October 26, 2000 Judgment of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of Putnam (Index No. 230-93), from which Petitioner's appeal was taken, dismissing Petitioner's Complaint and granting Respondent's counterclaim is unreported. (The May 19, 2000 Decision and Order of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of Putnam, which adjudicated the parties' several legal claims, is also unreported).

The December 27, 2004 Decision and Order of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, Appellate Division, Second Department, denying Petitioner's appeal is reported at 13 A.D.3d 574, 789 N.Y.S.2d 159 (2d Dep't 2004).

The Supreme Court of the State of New York, Appellate Division, Second Department's March 28, 2005 Decision denying Petitioner's motion to reargue, resettle and amend its Decision and Order or, in the alternative, for leave to appeal (Docket No.: 2000-10282) is unreported.

The New York State Court of Appeals' July 6, 2005 Decision denying Petitioner's motion for leave to appeal (Motion No.: 527) is unreported.

The Court of Appeals November 17, 2005 Decision denying Petitioner's Motion to Reargue for Leave to Appeal (Motion No.: 871) is also unreported.

JURISDICTION

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U.S.C. § 1257(a). As explained in detail below, however, neither of Petitioner's purported questions presented were properly presented to or specifically decided by the New York appellate courts and, as a result, this Court lacks jurisdiction to adjudicate Petitioner's Questions Presented. See, e.g., Illinois v. Gates, 462 U.S. 213, 218 n.1, 103 S. Ct. 2317, 76 L. Ed. 2d 527 (1983); see also Sup. Ct. R. 14(g)(i).

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

This New York real property dispute is not reviewable by the United States Supreme Court because it does not give rise to any federal or Constitutional questions. This case centers around a 1985 written agreement between the parties to develop and sell 19 acres of real property (eleven modest building lots) in Putnam County, New York. The parties envisioned that the eleven lots would be sold within 6 months, at significant profits; instead, the sales took 6 years and, halfway through in 1987, the real estate market tanked. In fifteen years of ensuing litigation, the main issues were: (1) whether the parties' agreement created a joint venture or reinstated the parties' prior mortgagor-mortgagee relationship; (2) whether Respondent engaged in multiple sales of the eleven subdivided parcels and, as such, whether Respondent properly accounted for joint venture proceeds; and (3) how to account properly for the relevant real estate transactions given the particular circumstances of each sale (e.g. option contract, associated building loans, etc.). In sum, the trial court held, and the Appellate Division unanimously affirmed, applying relevant New York precedents, that the

parties' agreement created a joint venture, that the joint venture was unprofitable, and that Petitioner failed to produce any evidence to support her fraud claims.

In a subsequent appeal to the New York State Court of Appeals, Petitioner wholly refashioned her claims – into alleged Constitutional deprivations and supposedly novel issues of public importance. The Court of Appeals denied Petitioner's motion for leave to appeal and her subsequent motion for reargument. Now, Petitioner again recasts this real property dispute into strained Constitutional and banking regulatory claims. None of these issues is appropriate for review or was adjudicated below and, quite frankly, several of them are based on fabrications of the record. The Court should deny Petitioner's writ.

COUNTER-STATEMENT OF FACTS

In 1985, Petitioner, an Ivy League-educated real estate developer, entered into a joint venture with Respondent, a small regional savings bank, to develop and sell 19 acres of real property. The parties' agreement, their joint venture, and the nature of their disputes are best understood chronologically.

I. 1982-1984: PETITIONER BORROWS MONEY FROM RESPONDENT TO REFINANCE A HOUSE AND PURCHASE PROPERTY, AND THEN IMMEDIATELY DEFAULTS

The parties' relationship began in December 1982, when Petitioner borrowed \$281,200 from Respondent, secured by four mortgages, to refinance a house on South Lake Boulevard in Putnam County, New York (the "Lake